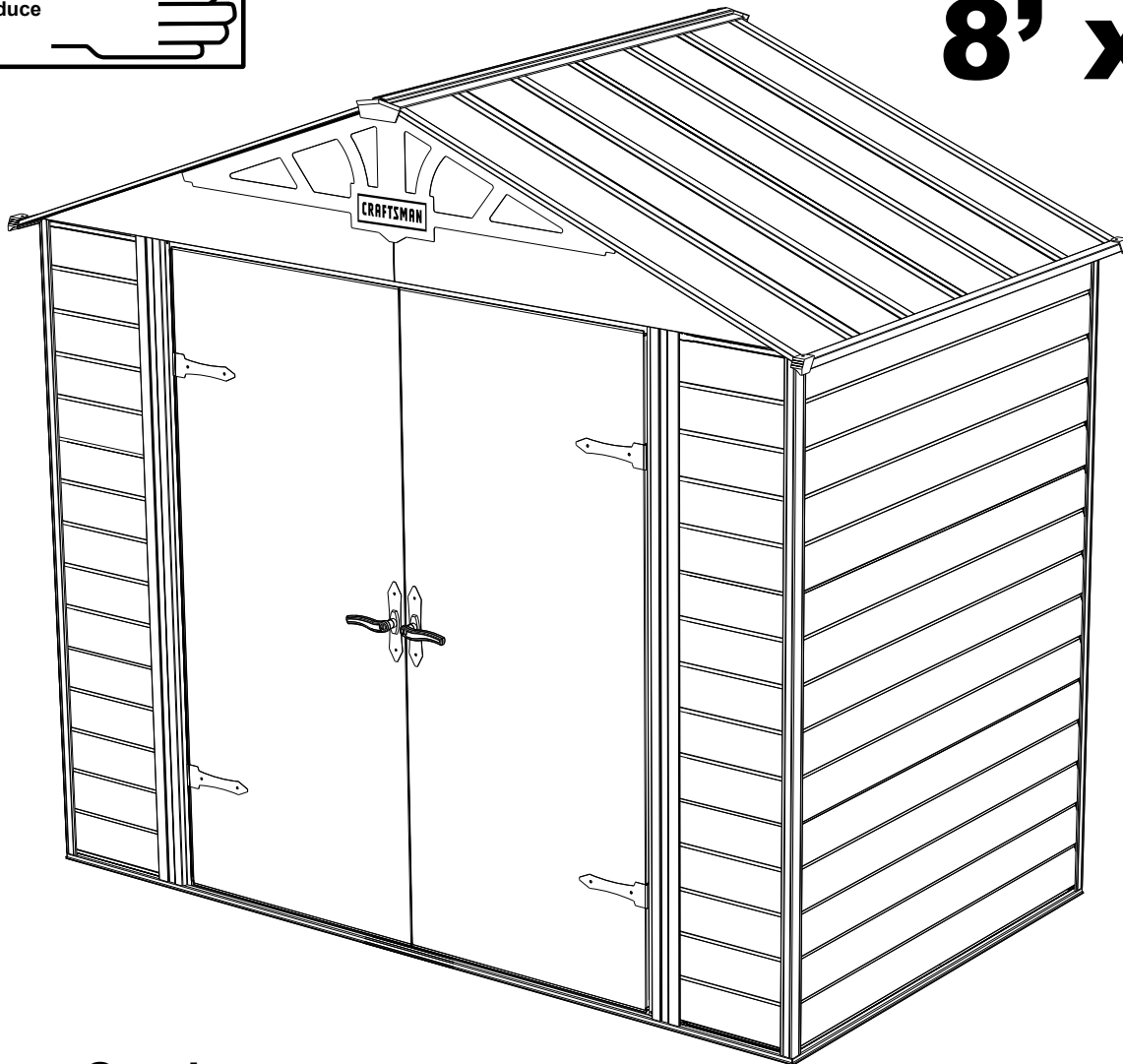


Owner's Manual & Assembly Guide

CRAFTSMAN®

Model No. 71-65032 United States
71-68434 Canada

8' x 5'
Nominal Size



Customer Service:
1-800-851-1085 or
assist@arrowsheds.com

BUILDING DIMENSIONS

†Size rounded off to the nearest foot

Base Size	97 1/2" x 57"
	247,7 cm x 144,8 cm

For proper base construction see page 12

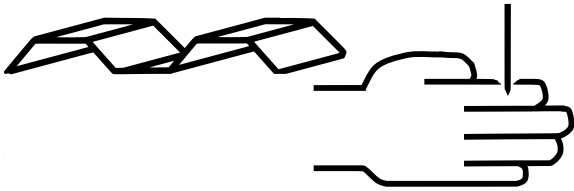
Approx.† Size	Storage Area		Exterior Dimensions (Roof Edge to Roof Edge)			Interior Dimensions (Wall to Wall)			Door Opening	
			Width	Depth	Height	Width	Depth	Height	Width	Height
8' x 5'	36 Sq. Ft.	241 Cu. Ft.	99 3/4"	59 1/2"	91 3/8"	94 3/4"	54 1/4"	90 1/16"	59 1/2"	69 1/4"
2,4 m x 1,4 m	3,3 m ²	6,8 m ³	253,4 cm	151,1 cm	232,1 cm	240,7 cm	137,8 cm	228,8 cm	151,1 cm	175,9 cm

* See Inside for Detailed Safety Information.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS...

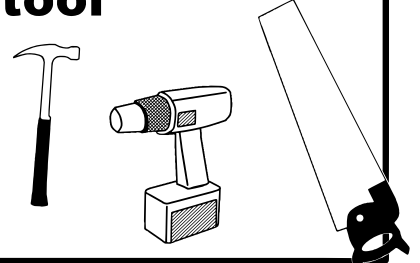
*Safety precautions **MUST** be followed at all times throughout the construction of your building!*

sharp edges



Care must be taken when handling various pieces of your building since many contain sharp edges. Please wear work gloves, eye protection and long sleeves when assembling or performing any maintenance on your building.

always practice proper tool safety



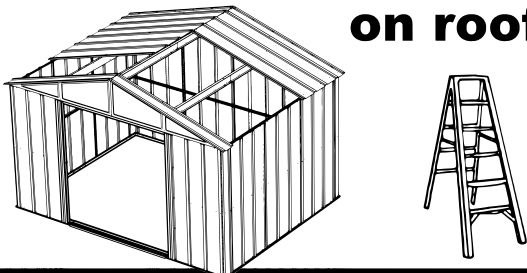
Practice caution with the tools being used in the assembly of this building. Be especially familiar with the operation of all power tools.

no children or pets at worksite



Keep children and pets away from the worksite during construction and until the building is completely assembled. This will help avoid distractions and any accidents which may occur.

don't focus weight on roof



NEVER concentrate your weight on the roof of the building. When using a step ladder make sure that it is fully open and on even ground before climbing on it.

beware of wind



Do NOT attempt to assemble your building on a windy day. The large panels can catch the wind like a "sail", causing them to be whipped around making construction difficult and unsafe.

Do NOT attempt to assemble your building before double checking that you have all the parts indicated on the parts list (page 8) as well as all hardware (page 7). Any building left partially assembled may be seriously damaged by even light winds.

IMPORTANT NOTE ON ANCHORING

- Your building **MUST** be anchored to prevent wind damage. An anchoring kit is not supplied with your building and you have many options when it comes to anchoring. See anchoring page for more info.
- You must also have a temporary anchoring system in place in case you need to take a break from assembly. See page 4 for more info.

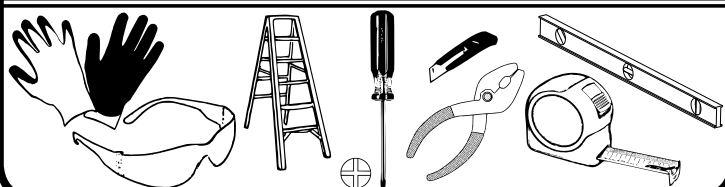
ASSEMBLY TIPS & TOOLS

Watch the Weather Closely: Be sure the day you choose to install your building is dry and calm. Do **NOT** attempt to assemble your building on a windy day. Be careful on wet or muddy ground.

Use Teamwork: Two or more people are required to assemble your building. One person can hold the parts or panels in place while the other person fastens them together and handles the tools. This makes the process of assembling your building faster and safer.

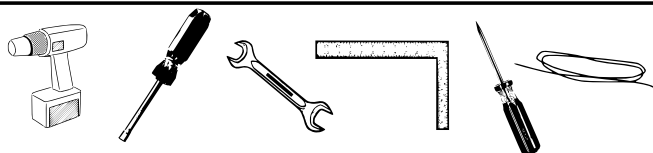
Tools and Materials: Here is a list of some basic tools and materials you will need to assemble your building. Decide which method of anchoring and the type of base you will use to make a complete list of the materials you will need.

WHAT YOU NEED



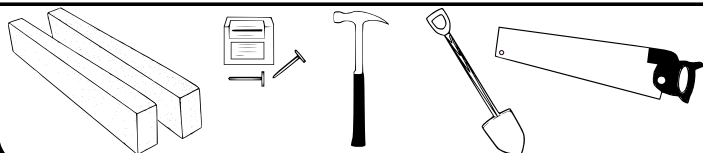
- Work Gloves
- Safety Glasses
- Step Ladder
- No. 2 Phillips Screwdriver (Magnetic Tip Preferred)
- Utility Knife or Scissors
- Pliers
- Carpenter's Level
- Tape Measure

RECOMMENDED TIME SAVERS



- Power Drill (Cordless, Variable Speed)
- Nut Driver or Wrench
- Square
- String (for squaring the frame)
- Awl (to align holes)

BASE PREPARATION TOOLS



- Lumber and/or Concrete
- Hammer and Nails
- Spade or Shovel
- Hand Saw or Power Saw

How to Select and Prepare Your Building Site: Before you start to assemble your building, you will want to decide on a good location. The best location is a level area with good drainage.

- Allow enough working space so it is not difficult to move parts into position for assembly. Be sure there will be enough space at the entrance for the doors to completely open. Also, there needs to be enough space outside the building to be able to fasten the panel screws from the outside.
- Before assembling any parts, your base should be constructed and an anchoring system should be ready to use.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

Q. How long will it take to assemble the building?

A. Assembly time depends on a variety of factors, including roof design, tools available, DIY skill and the pace at which you work. Guidelines for each shed assembly are approximate AFTER completion of the base, and assume two or more people working on the assembly. Generally, you should plan on at least one day working with someone who can assist you; again, after constructing the base. Refer to the clock icons on each product page on the website for specific time estimates.

Q. How do I decide where to put my shed?

A. The key to a successful assembly is to make sure the shed will be square and level when built. The shed can be assembled directly onto level ground (grass or dirt). If you have location options, choose one that is already flat, with good drainage to control moisture. If you don't have a flat, well-drained area, you need to prepare the space. Level the area using cinder blocks, concrete, crushed gravel or other sturdy materials. Once level with good drainage, construct your base. Using a carpenter's level, make sure your base is level and free of bumps or ridges to provide good support for your building.

Q. What if I can't finish my building in one session?

A. If weather conditions change so that it becomes windy or rainy, it is recommended that you stop assembly until conditions improve. This is for your safety and for protection of the shed panels. However, do not leave your unfinished construction without first temporarily anchoring the corners of the shed to your base and placing weights, such as patio blocks or sandbags, on the floor frame. Failure to anchor the building if you leave it while partially assembled could result in irreparable damage or personal injury if the building collapses.

Note: Most instruction manuals provide a warning note at the beginning of the installation step for corner panels, stating that the remainder of the building assembly requires multiple hours and more than one person. Do not continue beyond this point if you do not have enough time or help to complete the assembly that day. A partially assembled building can be severely damaged by even light winds.

Q. Do I need to anchor my building?

A. Yes! Fully assembled buildings should be anchored using a permanent anchoring system. If you need to leave your building before it is completely assembled, you will need to temporarily anchor the corners of the shed to your base, and place weights, such as patio blocks or sandbags, on top of the floor frame.

Q. How do I temporarily anchor my building before it's fully assembled?

A. An incomplete building must be anchored before breaking for any period of time to prevent possible damage.

- If the building is on a wood base, secure the frame with wood screws in the corners
- If the building is on a concrete base, temporarily anchor the frame in the corners
- Use patio blocks or sandbags on top of the floor frame as weights
- Secure the floor frame to the ground with ground augers or rope the frame in the corners to the ground

Q. How do I control condensation and prevent water from leaking in?

A. To minimize condensation, install a continuous, unbroken plastic vapor barrier with a thickness of 6 mil. between exposed ground surface and the building's base. Make sure that all weather stripping and washers are used throughout the assembly process. Make sure that the weather-stripping tape adheres to the panels when installing it along the main ridge beam. Do not stretch it. Apply it directly off the roll onto clean panels. Ensure that all washers are flush with the panels and do not over-tighten screws, as this can crack the washers. Silicone caulking may be used to create watertight seals at the washers and throughout the building.

Q. What kind of base do I use?

A. You can:

- Use a Craftsman Floor Frame Kit
- Pour a concrete slab
- Build a wood deck/floor (use exterior-grade plywood)
- Use patio blocks
- Build on crushed gravel, dirt or grass

Craftsman provides a floor frame kit accessory that is an option for most building sizes. If you are building a wood deck/floor, a Craftsman floor frame kit on top of your deck/floor assembles in minutes and provides a floor frame suitable for a 5/8" exterior-grade plywood floor (not included). A continuous unbroken plastic vapor barrier with a thickness of 6 mil. between the ground and the building's base is also recommended.

Q. How should I measure for my base?

A. Shed dimensions are provided in "nominal" size. Nominal sizes are roof-edge measurements rounded to the nearest foot and are not the measurements to use for constructing the shed base. So, carefully check the exact, recommended base size in the specifications for your shed model.

Q. How do I align the holes in the wall panels with the holes in the floor frame?

A. Make sure that the shed is level and square, with the correct floor frame size, and that the corner panels are installed correctly. Line up the large hole in the panel with the small holes in the floor frame. An awl can be used to help align the holes.

Q. How do I align the holes in the roof panels with the holes in the roof beam and side wall angles?

A. Your building must be level and square in order for the holes to align. It must be square at both the top and bottom. Check that the building is square by measuring diagonally. The two diagonal measurements will be equal. If your building is out of square, carefully rock and push the shed until it is square. Also, try loosening the roof beams to give more play and flexibility. Non-alignment can also occur if your building is not level. You can raise corners and shim under them to make it level. Check that the panels are installed in the proper location. The building should not be permanently anchored until the complete unit is assembled; otherwise, you will not be able to make adjustments for squareness during assembly. Do not attach the bottom of the roof panels to the side wall angles until all the roof panels are up.

Note: If you have to stop assembly for any reason before it is complete, do not leave your unfinished construction without first temporarily anchoring the corners of the shed to your base and placing weights, such as patio blocks or sandbags, on the floor frame.

Q. What kind of customer support is available?

A. Our instruction manuals contain step-by-step assembly illustrations and guide you from preparation through assembly to care and maintenance of your finished building. Each part is marked with a factory number for easy identification. In addition, our assembly animation (located under the Customer Support menu at www.arrowsheds.com) provides helpful tips. But if you need to reach someone at Arrow, you can contact Arrow Customer Service, toll free, at 1-800-851-1085 (press 1) or via e-mail at assist@arrowsheds.com. Have your model number and instruction manual with you when you call.

Q. What if the rear wall angle and channels are too large to fit inside of the rear wall panels?

A. Check the dimensions of wall assemblies. They should be slightly smaller than the floor frames. Lay the assemblies on top of the rear floor frame and pull them up to the top of the wall panels causing the corner panels to stand erect and not lean inward. Caution: Be careful to not scratch the panels on the way up.

Q. The wide rib always overlaps the crimped rib. Is there ever an exception?

A. This sequence is to be followed through the assembly process. However, this will typically happen once on the rear and once on each side wall (vertical wall units only) where there will be either two crimped ribs overlapping or two wide ribs overlapping. This may give it a tighter fit, but it will work.

Q. Can the building be painted?

A. The buildings can be painted with an exterior-grade paint designed for use on steel. Contact your local paint supplier for recommendations.

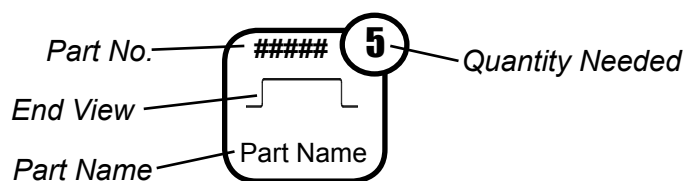
Q. I heard that rust might be an issue with steel; is it?

A. While steel can rust, with proper care this should not be an issue. For a long-lasting finish, periodically clean the exterior surface and apply spray-on car wax. Touch up scratches as soon as you notice them by immediately cleaning the area with a wire brush or emery paper, washing it and applying touch-up paint. This will minimize rust and maintain your shed's attractive appearance for years.

Q. How do I take care of dents in my shed?

A. Proper selection of shed size, including a sufficient door-opening width, and proper placement of your shed should minimize the possibility of damage. If a dent does occur, carefully push the dent out from the opposite side. If the paint has been scratched or removed, touch up the area as soon as you notice it. Immediately clean the area with a wire brush or emery paper, wash it and apply touch-up paint. This will minimize rust and maintain your shed's attractive appearance for years.

Still have questions? Visit us online at www.arrowsheds.com to view lots of helpful tips and information regarding all of our available products. You can also contact our Customer Service team at 1-800-851-1085 (press 1), or via e-mail at assist@arrowsheds.com.



At the top of each page you will see one or more **Part Cues** like the one to the left. These **Part Cues** are designed to help you quickly identify the parts needed for each step.

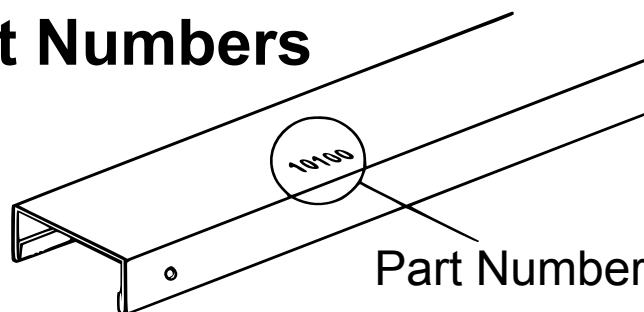
Confirm that all hardware and parts are present before attempting to assemble your building.

For missing or damaged parts contact Customer Service. Do not return to store.

Customer Service:

**1-800-851-1085 or
assist@arrowsheds.com**

Part Numbers



1. Each part has an identifying part number on it.
2. Part Numbers are referenced in each step.
3. Unpainted parts have a stamped in number and painted parts have a number that is inked on.

Remove inked on numbers with soap and water after assembly.

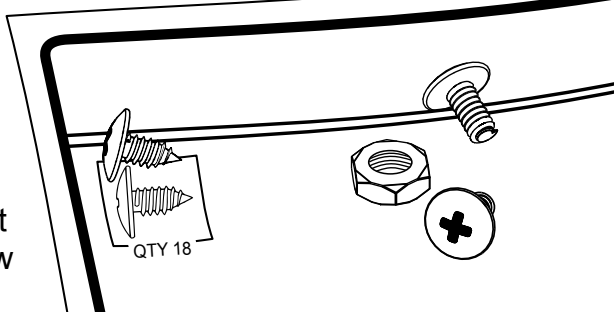
HARDWARE LIST...

Key No.	Part No.	Part Description	Qty.	✓ List
1	65103	Hex Nut (#8-32)	93	
2	65923-61	Small Bolt (Stone) (#8-32 x 3/8) (10 mm)	49	
3	65923-62	Small Bolt (Vanilla) (#8-32 x 3/8) (10 mm)	8	
4	65923-06	Small Bolt (Black) (#8-32 x 3/8) (10 mm)	12	
5	65004-61	Small Screw (Stone) (#8AB x 5/16) (8 mm)	336	
6	65004-62	Small Screw (Vanilla) (#8AB x 5/16) (8 mm)	58	
7	65958	Long Bolt (#8-32 x 7/8) (22 mm)	4	
8	66783	Flat Head Bolt (#8-32 X 1/2) (13 mm)	24	
9	66692	Tapping Screw (#10ABx1) (25 mm)	2	
10	66646	Washer Sheet	5	
11	66809	Locking Handle Right	1	
12	66054	Latch	1	
13	66609	Hinge	4	
14	66183L	Left Roof Trim Cap	2	
15	66183R	Right Roof Trim Cap	2	
16	67293	Weather Stripping	1	
17	67468	Peak Cap	2	
18	67236	Adhesive Pads (2 per sheet)	1	
19	66684	Top Latch Spring	1	
20	66808	Bottom Latch Spring	1	
21	66810	Left Handle	1	
22	66811	Handle Backplate	2	
23	66812	Hinge Plate Decoration	4	

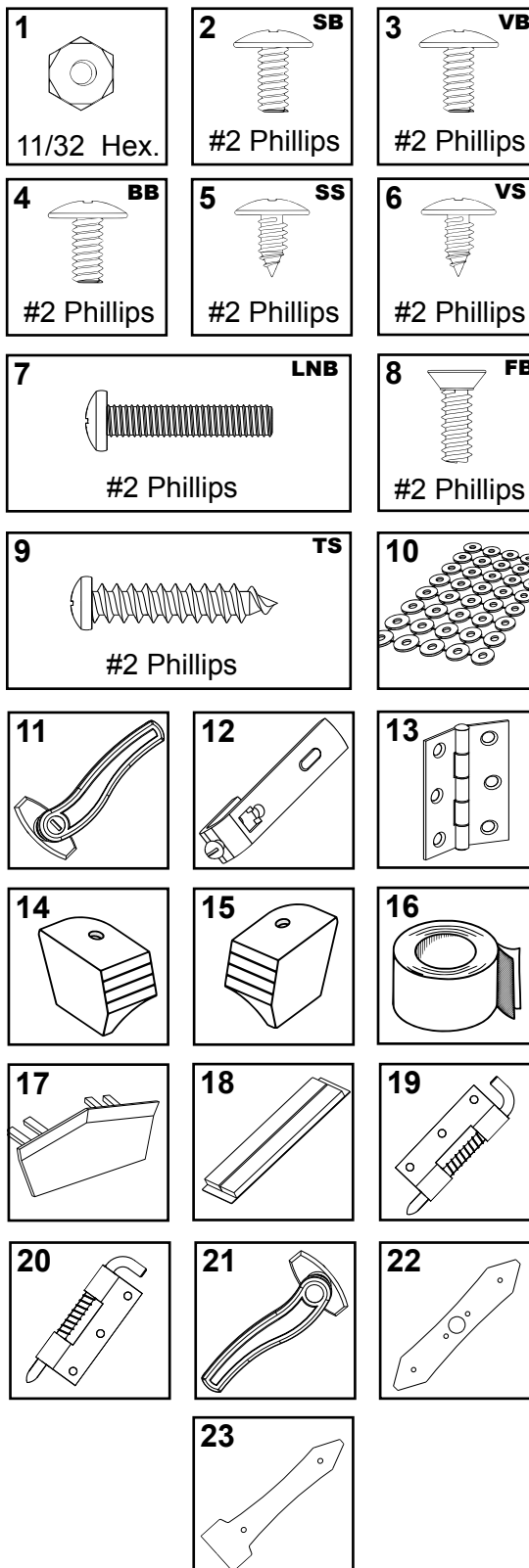
Various fasteners are used throughout the construction of your storage unit. In each step you will see the abbreviations listed below used in the illustrations to help you identify which fastener to use.

The fasteners used in each step are shown actual size at the top of each page. If you are unsure which fastener to use, hold it up to the picture and use the one that matches.

SB - Stone Bolt
VB - Vanilla Bolt
BB - Black Bolt
SS - Stone Screw
VS - Vanilla Screw
FB - Flat Head Bolt
TS - Tapping Screw
LNB - Long Bolt



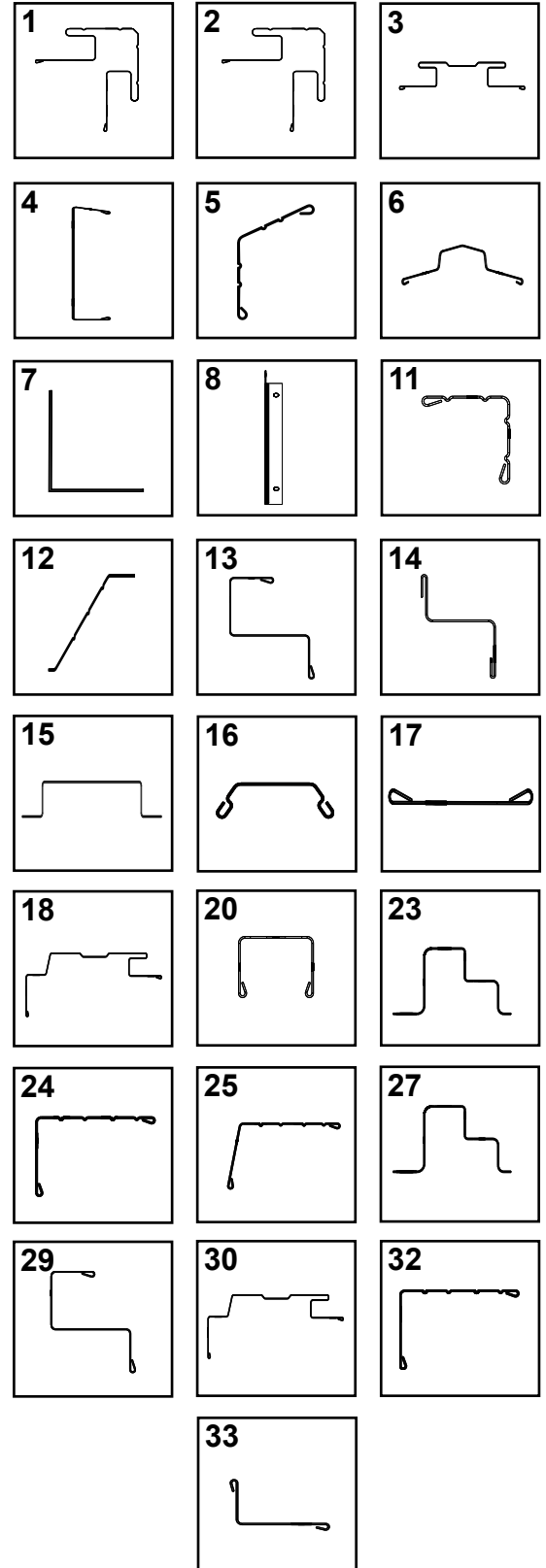
Hardware Views by Key No.



PARTS LIST...

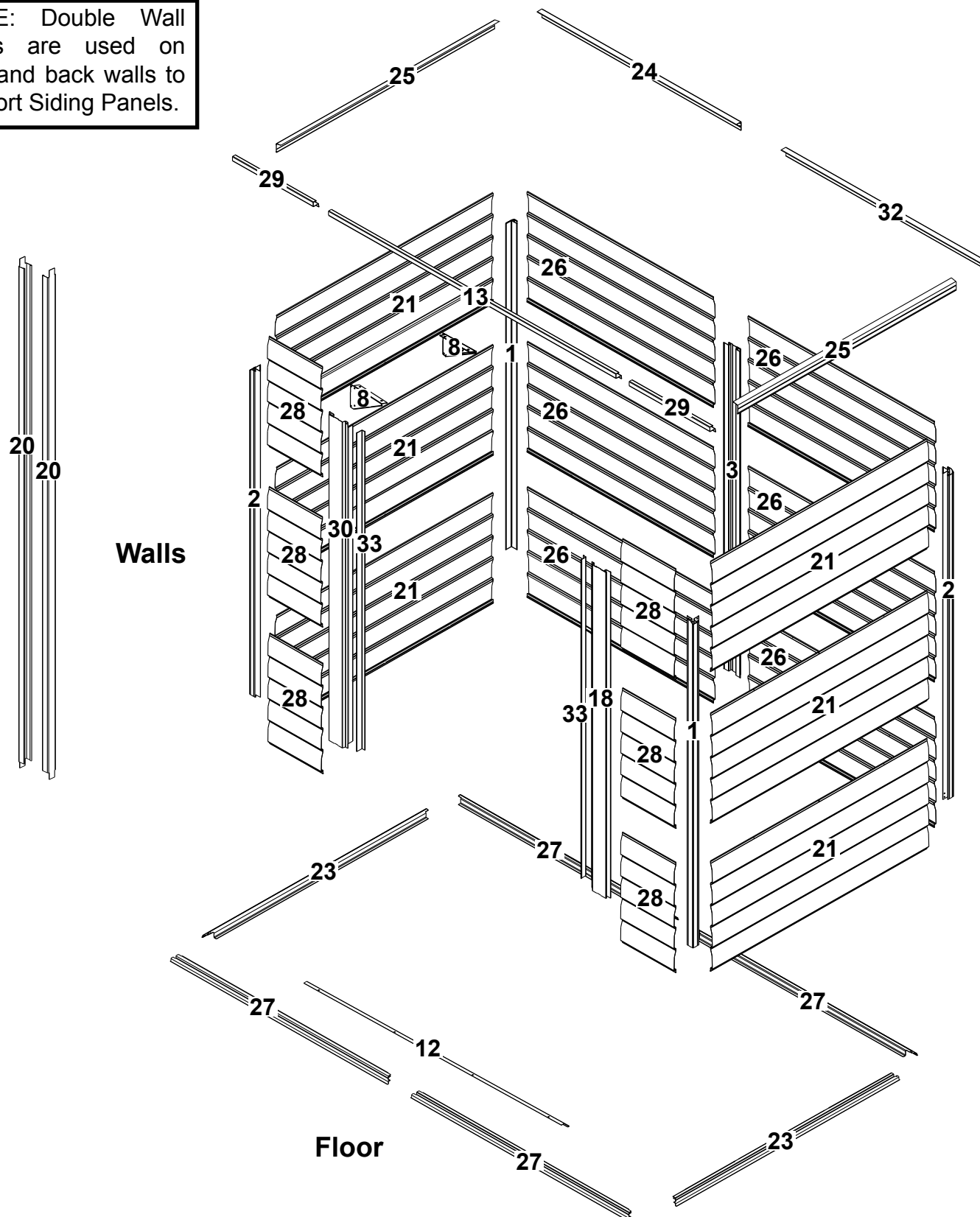
Key No.	Part No.	Part Description	Qty.	✓ List
1	5284	Right Corner Post	2	
2	5285	Left Corner Post	2	
3	5287	Rear Splice Post	1	
4	10825	Roof Beam	6	
5	6015	Side Roof Trim	2	
6	6869	Ridge Cap	1	
7	7905	Roof Beam Bracket	4	
8	8189	Shelf Bracket	4	
9	8700	Right Gable	2	
10	8701	Left Gable	2	
11	9204	Roof Beam Brace	2	
12	10702	Ramp	1	
13	10826	Front Inner Header	1	
14	10718	Horizontal Door Brace	4	
15	10719	Door Handle Brace	2	
16	10720	Diagonal Door Brace	8	
17	10721	Door Stop	1	
18	10780	Right Door Jamb	1	
19	10782	Door	2	
20	9344	Siding Stud	20	
21	10787	Side Siding	6	
22	10788	Right Roof Panel	2	
23	9402	Side Floor Frame	2	
24	9336	Right Rear Wall Angle	1	
25	9912	Side Wall Angle	2	
26	10792	Rear Siding	6	
27	9377	Front/Rear Floor Frame	4	
28	10794	Front Siding	6	
29	10795	Front Outer Header	2	
30	80069	Left Door Jamb	1	
31	80073	Left Roof Panel	2	
32	9337	Left Rear Wall Angle	1	
33	10827	Door Jamb Angle	2	
34	66816	Gable Decoration	1	

Selected End Views by Key No.

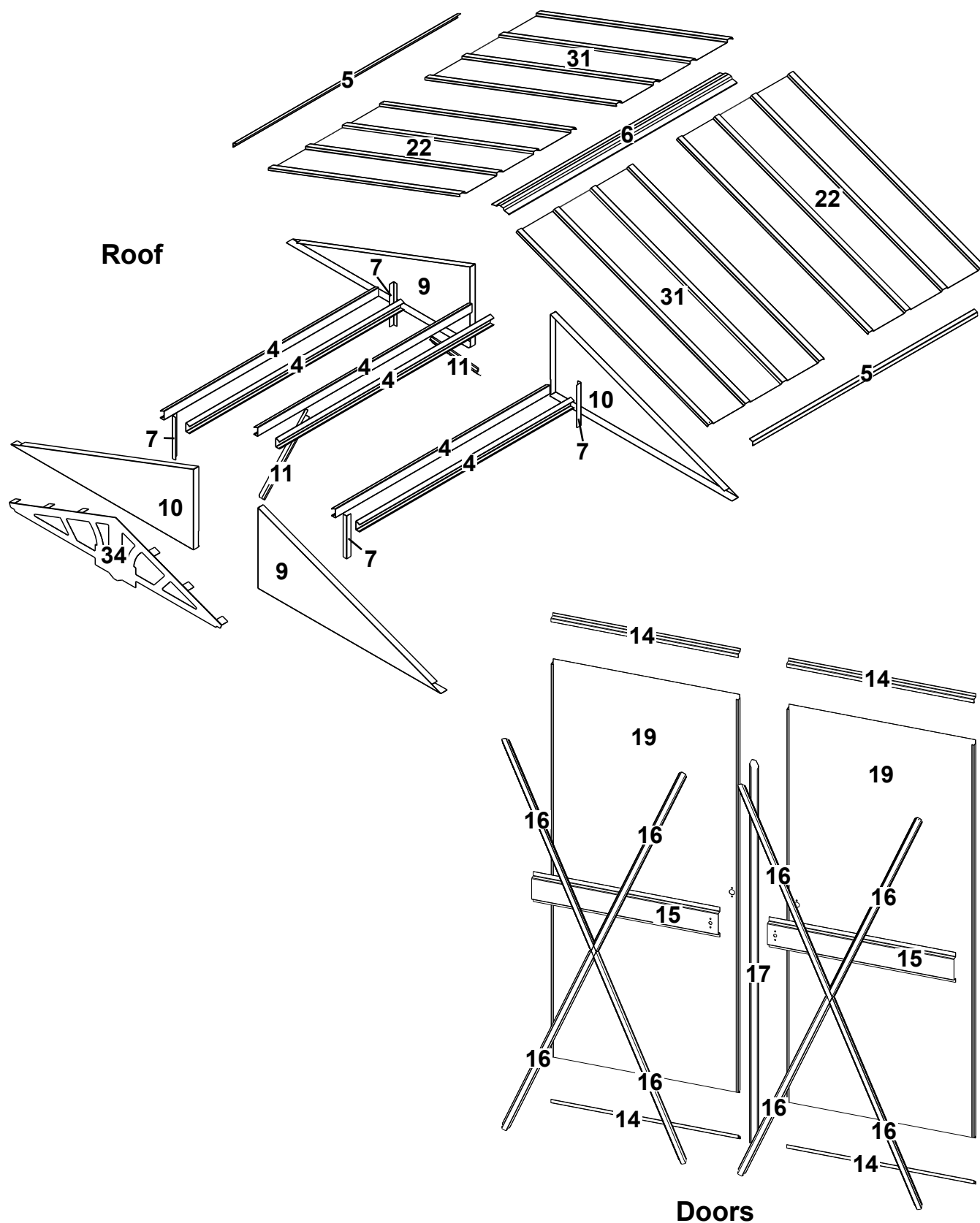


ASSEMBLY BY KEY NO.

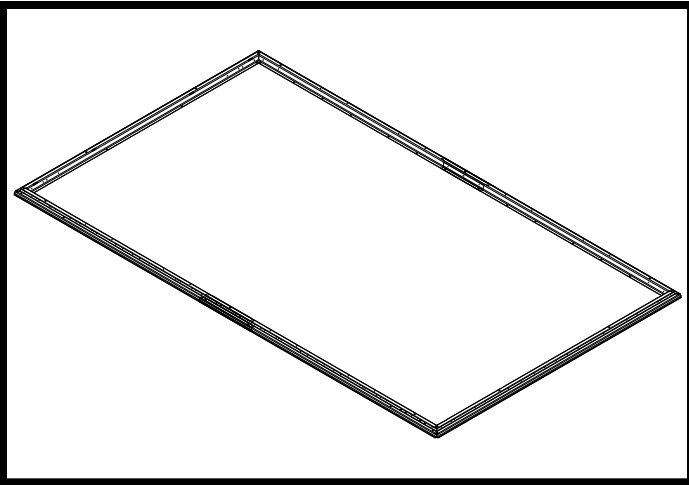
NOTE: Double Wall Studs are used on side and back walls to support Siding Panels.



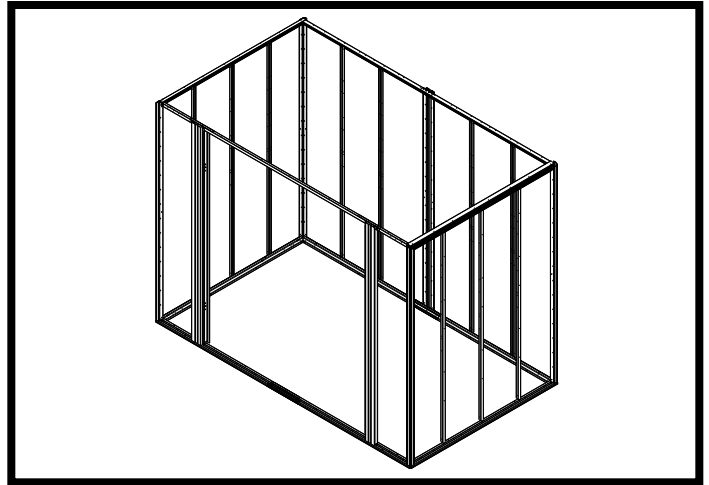
ASSEMBLY BY KEY NO.



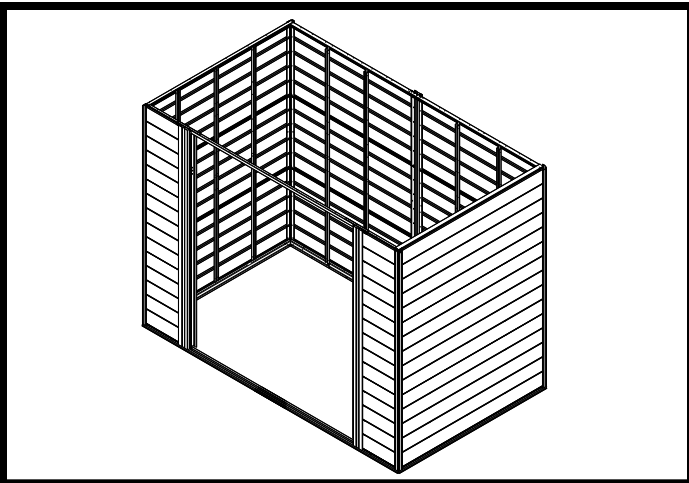
ASSEMBLY OVERVIEW



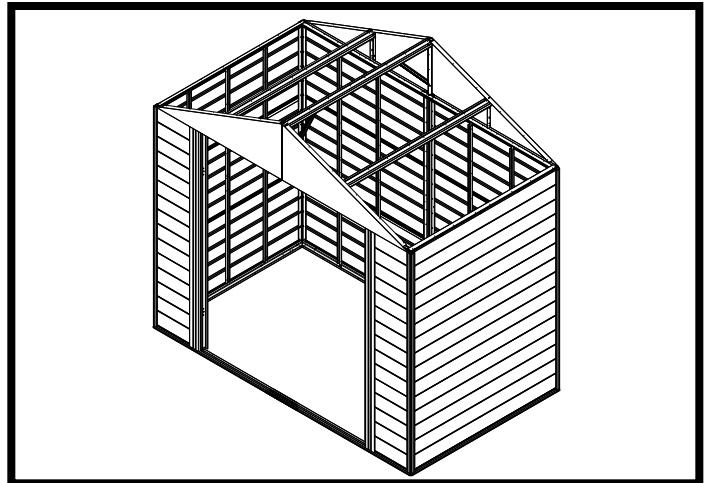
Build the Floor Frame



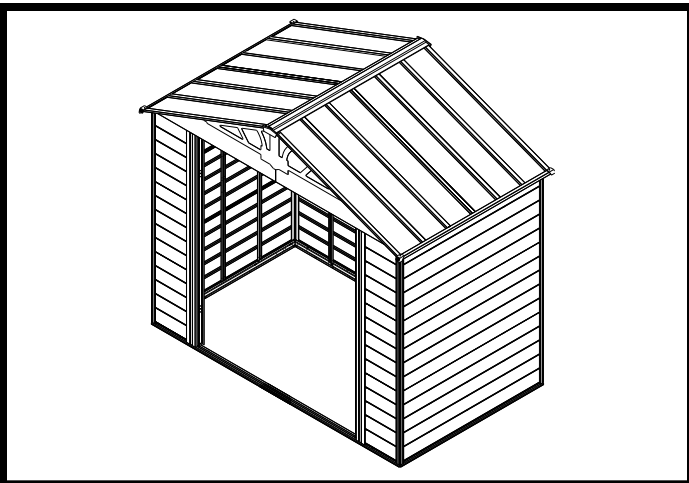
Erect Post, Studs, and Door Jambs



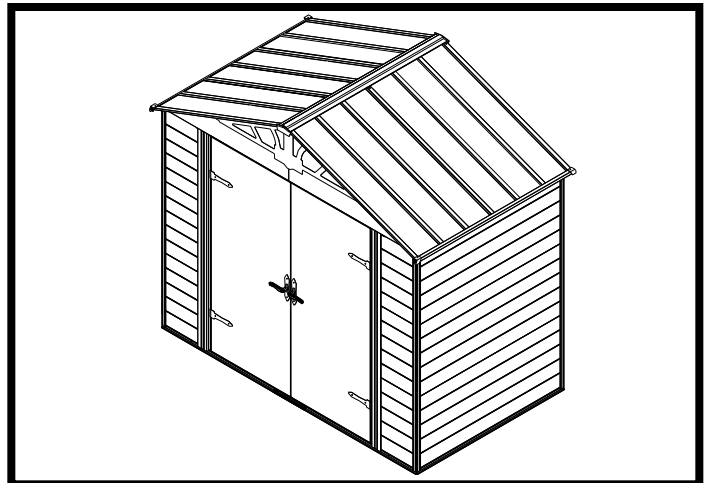
Install Siding Panels



Attach Gables and Roof Beams



Install Roof Panel, Decorative Gable Piece, Ridge Cap, Side Trim, Corner Cap

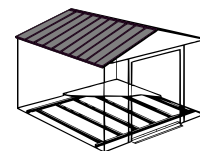


Install Doors

Shed is now complete.

CONSTRUCTING A BASE...

No matter which of the options below you choose for a base, an ARROW ANCHORING KIT is recommended as an effective method of properly securing your building after assembly is complete.



OPTION 1: Directly on ground (earth)

Assemble your building directly on level ground (grass, dirt, rock, sand, etc.). If you choose this option, Craftsman has a simple kit available to provide a floor inside the shed to keep stored items off the ground. This kit can be used to support a plywood floor (wood not included) or be filled with sand/rock to provide a solid surface. (Sears Order No. 68380 (CFBS106))

Allow 1 - 2 hours for construction.

OPTION 2: Wood Platform

If you decide to build your own base, be sure to select the appropriate materials.

These are the recommended materials for your base:

- 2 x 4's (38 mm x 89 mm) Pressure Treated Lumber • 5/8" (15,5 mm) 4 x 8 (1220 mm x 2440 mm) Plywood-exterior grade
- 10 & 4 penny Galvanized Nails • Concrete Blocks (optional)

NOTE: Pressure Treated Lumber must not be used where it will make contact with your storage building. The properties of Pressure Treated Lumber will cause accelerated corrosion. **If Pressure Treated Lumber comes in contact with your storage building your warranty will be voided.**

The platform should be level and flat (free of bumps, ridges etc.) to provide good support for the building. The necessary materials may be obtained from your local lumber yard.

To construct the base follow instructions and diagram.

- Construct frame (using 10 penny galvanized nails)
- Measure 16"/24" (40,6 cm/61,0 cm) sections to construct inside frame (see diagram)
- Secure plywood to frame (using 4 penny galvanized nails)

Allow 6 - 7 hours for construction.

OPTION 3: Concrete Slab

The slab should be at least 4" (10,2 cm) thick. It must be level and flat to provide good support for the frame.

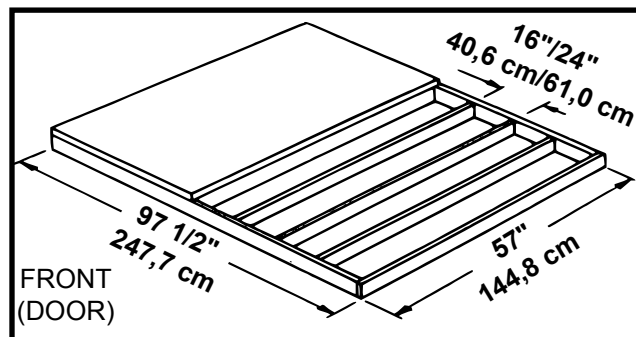
The following are the recommended materials for your base.

- 1 x 4's (19 mm x 89 mm) (will be removed once the concrete cures)
- Concrete • Sheet of 6 mil plastic
- We recommend for a proper strength concrete to use a mix of:
1 part cement • 3 parts pea sized gravel • 2 1/2 parts clean sand

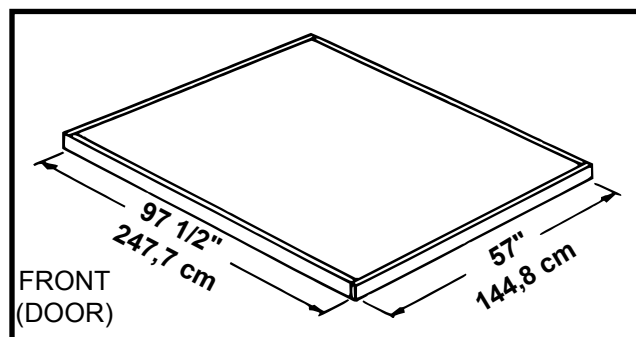
Prepare the Site/Construct a Base

1. Dig a square, 6" (15,2 cm) deep into the ground (remove grass).
2. Fill up to 4" (10,2 cm) in the square with gravel and tamp firm.
3. Cover gravel with a sheet of 6 mil plastic.
4. Construct a wood frame using four planks of 1x4 (19 mm x 89 mm) lumber.
5. Pour in concrete to fill in the hole and the frame giving a total of 4" (10,2 cm) thick concrete. Be sure surface is level.

Allow 3 - 5 hours for construction and a week for concrete curing time.



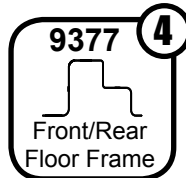
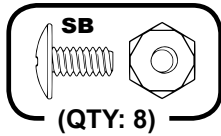
Note: Platform/Slab will extend 9/16" (1,4 cm) beyond floor frame on all four sides. Seal this 9/16" (1,4 cm) of wood with a roofing cement (not included), or bevel this 9/16" (1,4 cm) of concrete when pouring, for good water drainage.



Note: Finished Slab dimensions, with lumber removed.

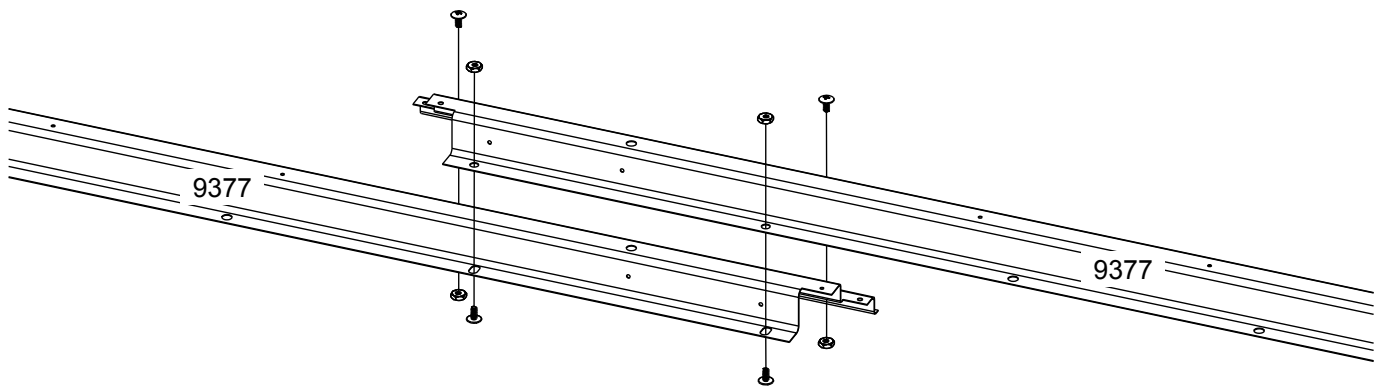
Step 1: Floor Frame Pre-Assembly

You will need for this page:



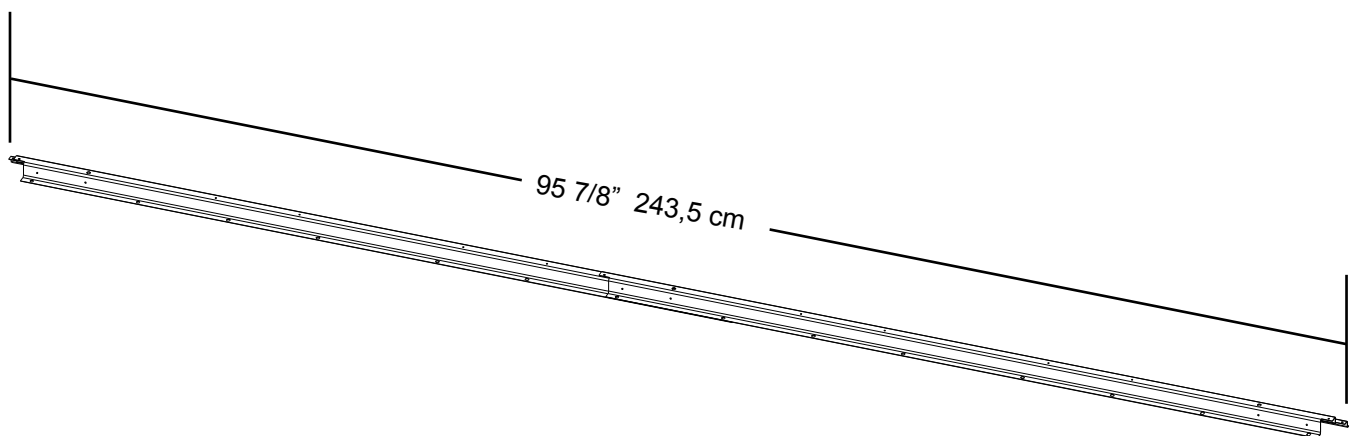
NOTE Washers are to be used on painted parts only. Washers are not necessary on unpainted parts and there are not enough to use on every Screw and Bolt.

- 1 Join two (2) **Front/Rear Floor Frames** together by overlapping them as shown and secure the **Frames** with four (4) **Stone Bolts** and **Nuts**. Repeat this for the other two (2) **Front/Rear Floor Frames**.



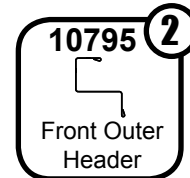
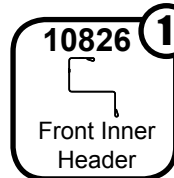
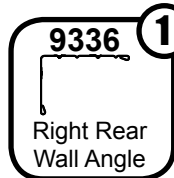
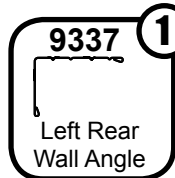
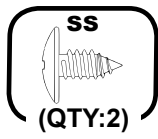
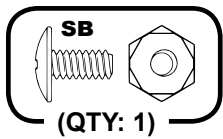
BUILD TWO (2) ASSEMBLIES

- 2 Check the overall length of each set of **Floor Frames** to make sure they are at the proper length of 95 7/8" (243,5 cm).

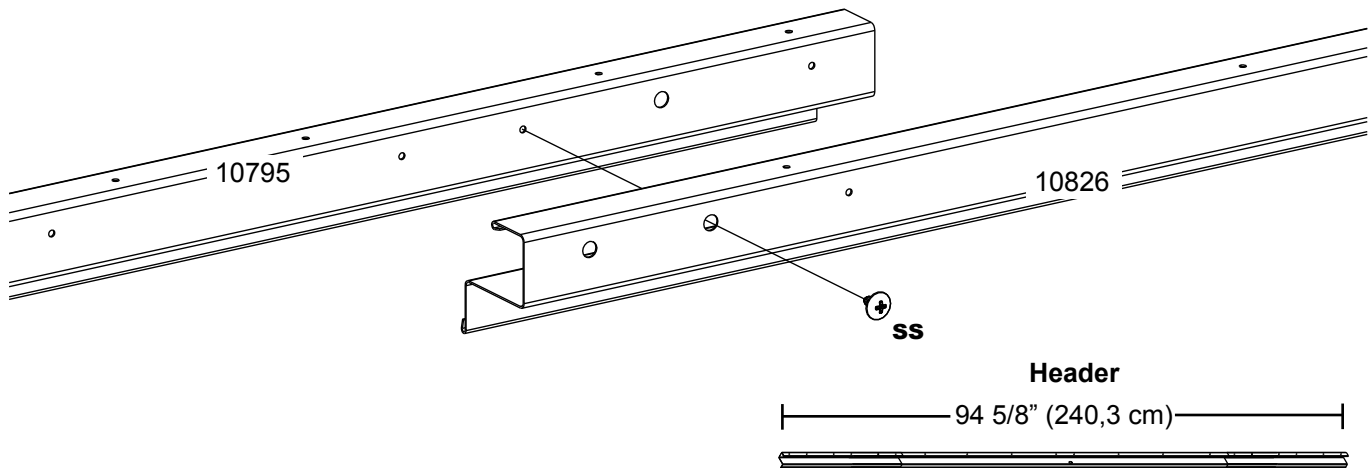


Step 2: Frame Pre-Assembly

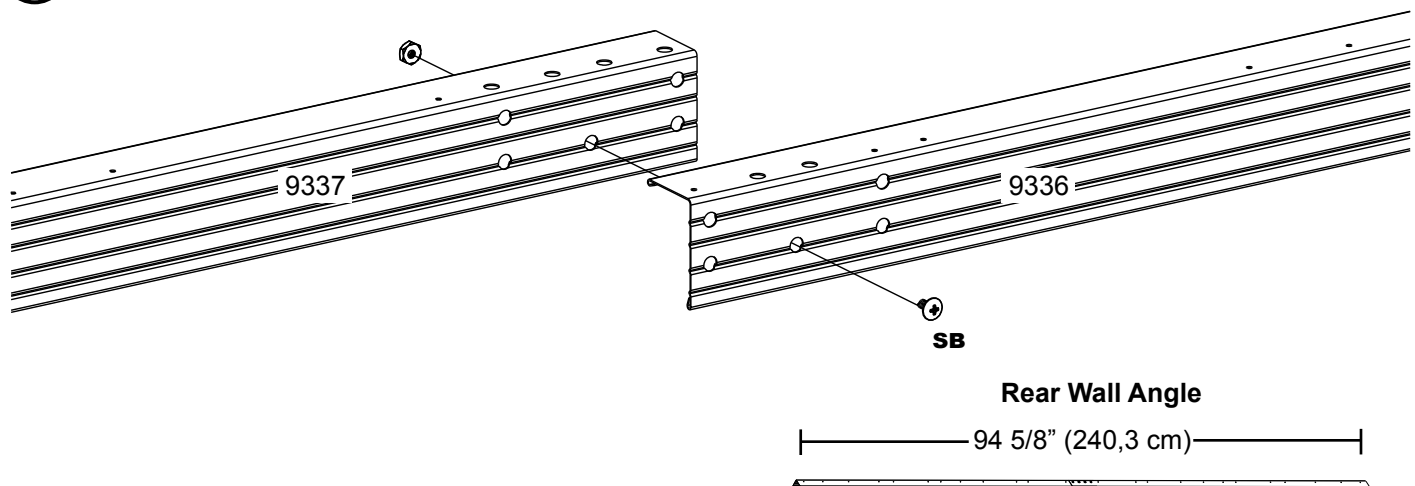
You will need for this page:



- ① Connect the **Front Inner Header** to a **Front Outer Header** using one (1) **Stone Screw** as shown. Repeat this for the opposite end.



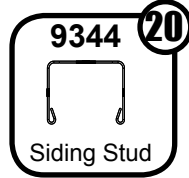
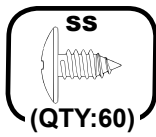
- ② Join the **Left** and **Right Rear Wall Angles** using one (1) **Stone Bolt** and **Nut** as shown.



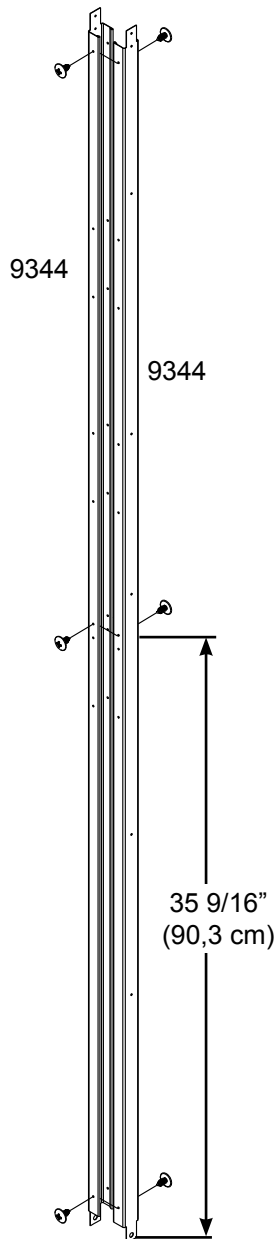
- ③ Check the overall length of the **Header** and **Rear Wall Angle** sets to make sure they are at the proper length of 94 5/8" (240,3 cm).

Step 3: Stud Assembly

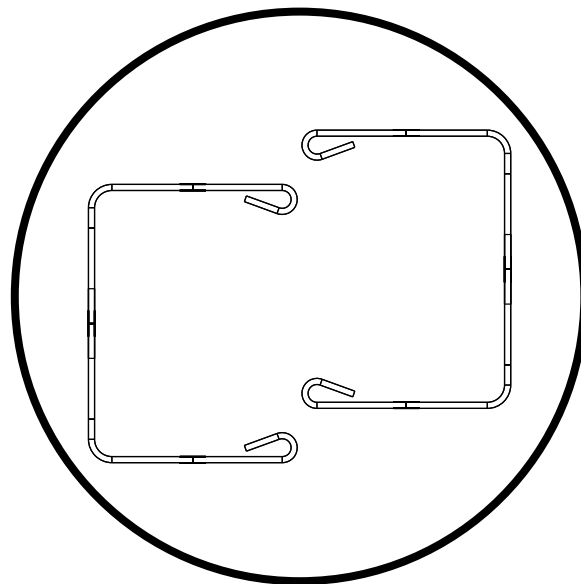
You will need for this page:



- 1** Join two (2) **Siding Studs** together using six (6) **Stone Screws** as shown.



BUILD TEN (10) ASSEMBLIES

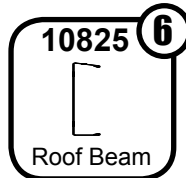
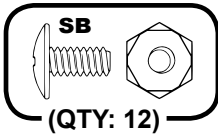


Top view of Siding Studs.

- 2** Repeat process to make nine (9) more assemblies. Set assemblies aside for later use.

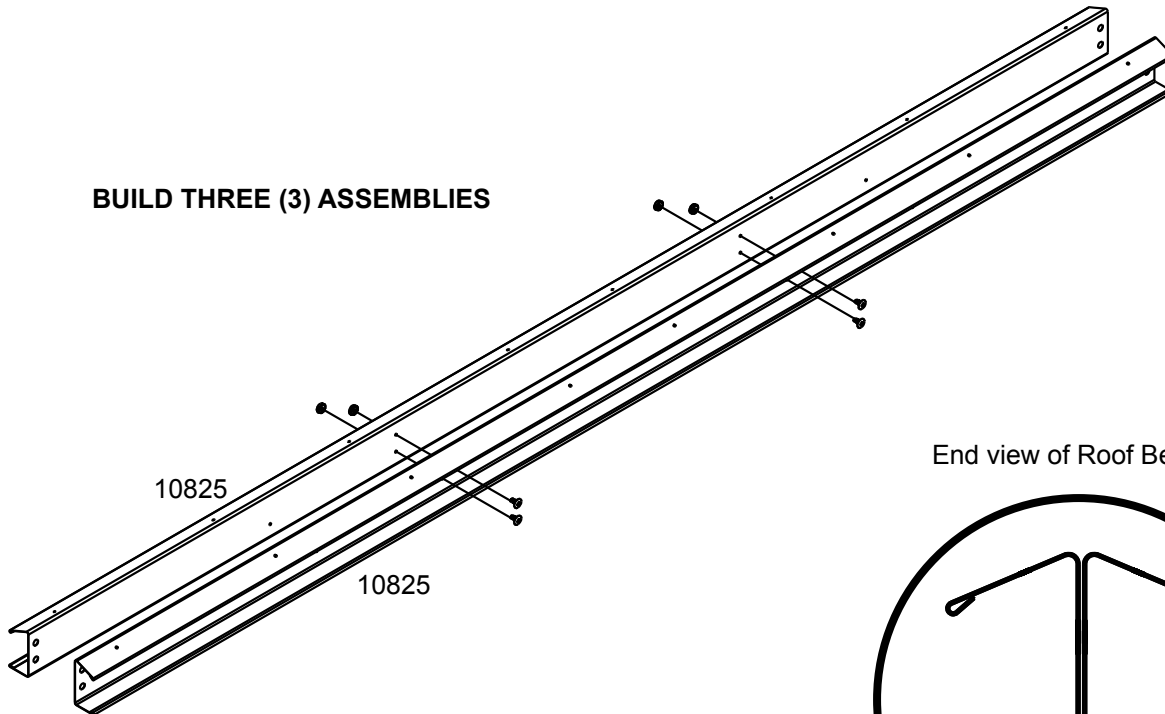
Step 4: Roof Beam Assembly

You will need for this page:

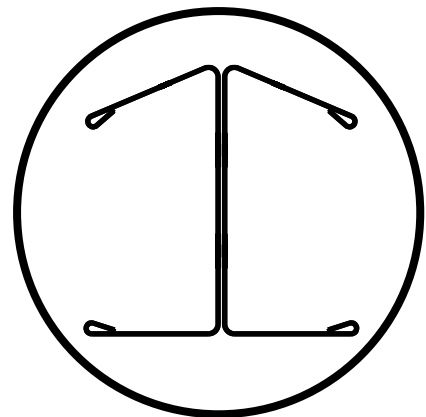


- 1** Place two (2) **Roof Beams** back-to-back with small holes on top. Fasten together using four (4) **Stone Bolts and Nuts**. **DO NOT FULLY THIGHTEN.**

BUILD THREE (3) ASSEMBLIES



End view of Roof Beam

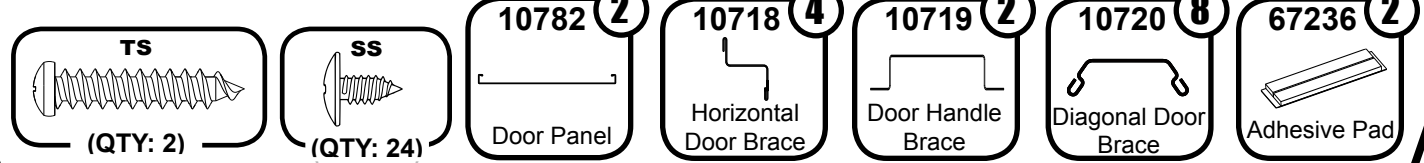


Side of Beams with small holes must face up.

- 2** Repeat process to make two (2) more assemblies. Set assemblies aside for later use.

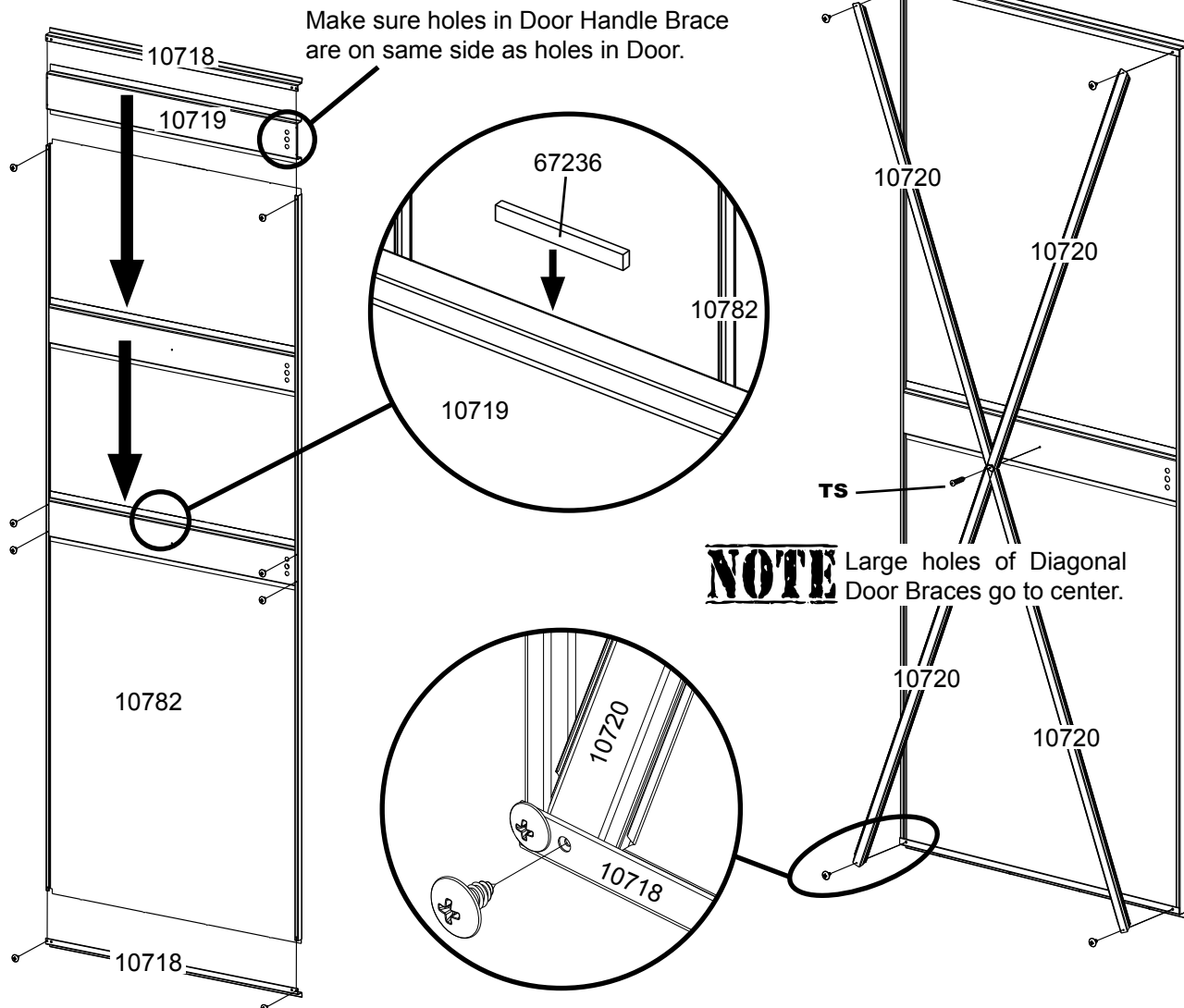
Step 5: Door Pre-Assembly

You will need for this page:



- 1** Start assembly by sliding the **Door Handle Brace** into the middle of the **Door** and securing it with four (4) **Stone Screws**. Then attach the **Horizontal Door Braces** to each end of **Door** using two (2) **Stone Screws** on each brace. Once installed, attach **Adhesive Pad** between leg of **Door Handle Brace** and **Door**.

- 2** Attach **Diagonal Door Braces** to back side of the **Horizontal Door Braces** and secure using four (4) **Stone Screws** at each corner. Secure all **Diagonal Door Braces** to **Door Handle Brace** using one (1) **Tapping Screw**.

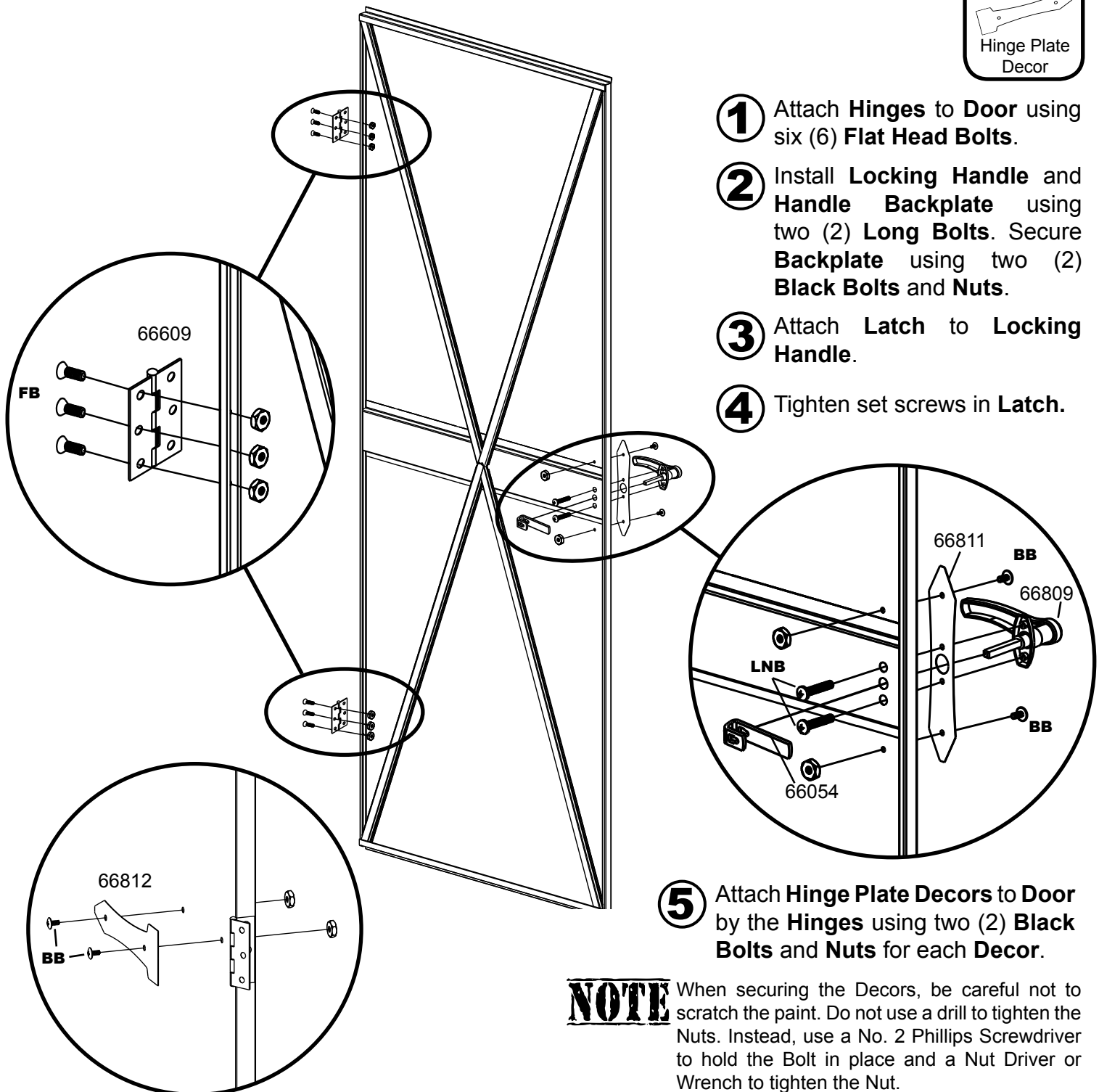
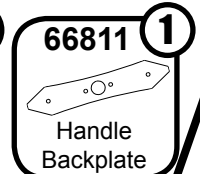
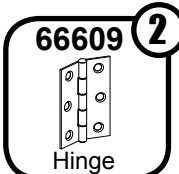
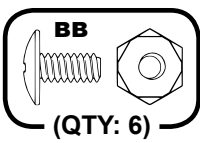
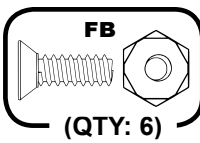
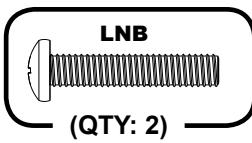


- 3** Repeat this process for the other **Door**.

NOTE Diagonal Door Braces attach from behind Horizontal Door Brace.

Step 6: Right Door Assembly

You will need for this page:



① Attach **Hinges** to **Door** using six (6) **Flat Head Bolts**.

② Install **Locking Handle** and **Handle Backplate** using two (2) **Long Bolts**. Secure **Backplate** using two (2) **Black Bolts** and **Nuts**.

③ Attach **Latch** to **Locking Handle**.

④ Tighten set screws in **Latch**.

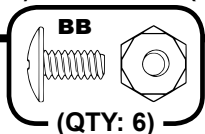
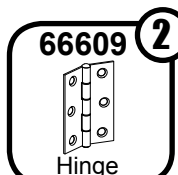
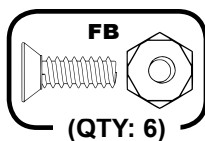
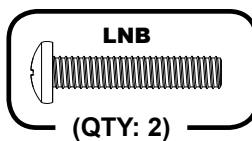
⑤ Attach **Hinge Plate Decors** to **Door** by the **Hinges** using two (2) **Black Bolts** and **Nuts** for each **Decor**.

NOTE

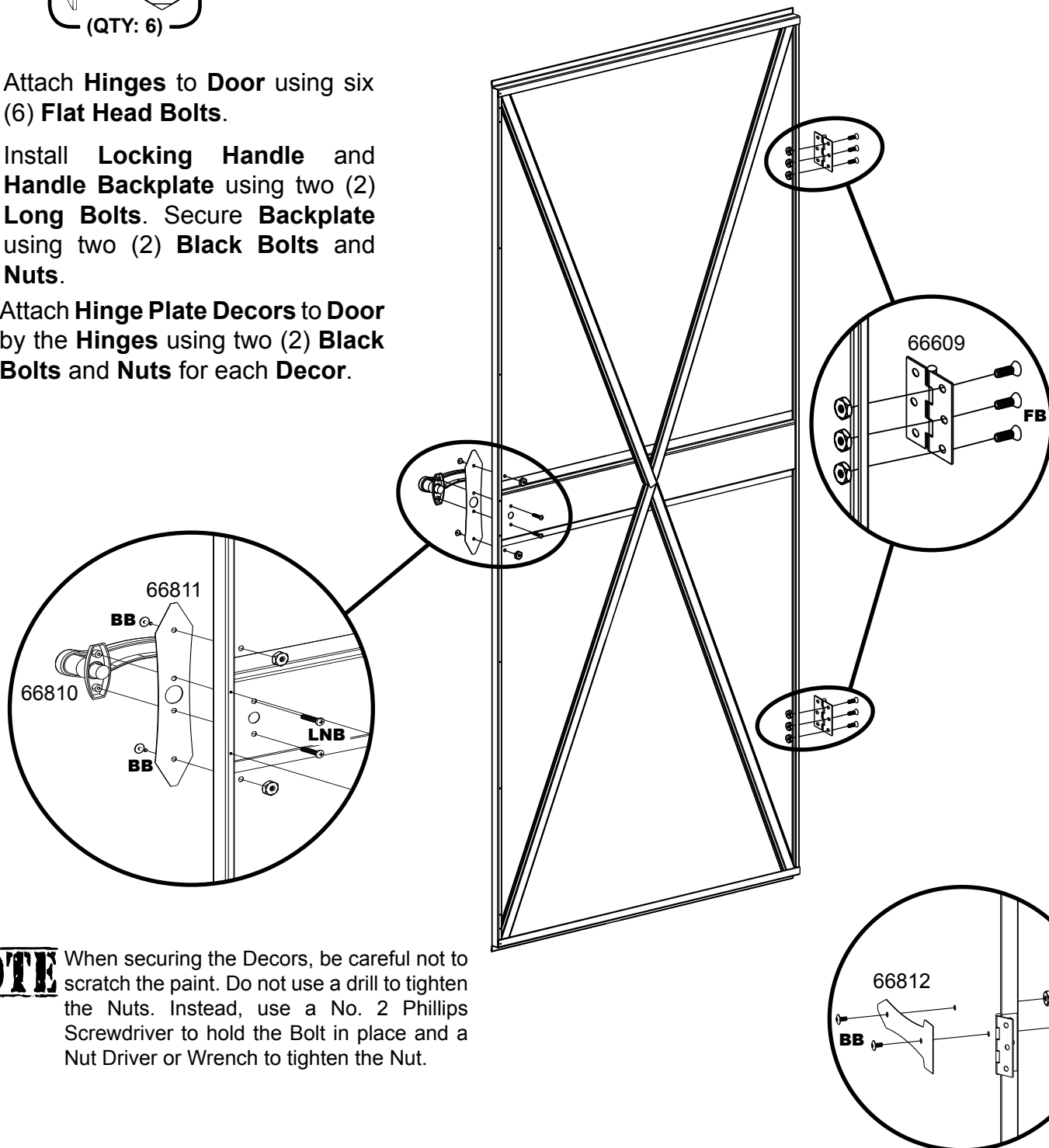
When securing the Decors, be careful not to scratch the paint. Do not use a drill to tighten the Nuts. Instead, use a No. 2 Phillips Screwdriver to hold the Bolt in place and a Nut Driver or Wrench to tighten the Nut.

Step 7: Left Door Assembly

You will need for this page:



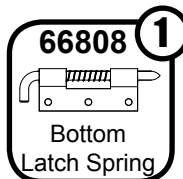
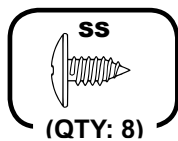
- 1** Attach **Hinges** to **Door** using six (6) **Flat Head Bolts**.
- 2** Install **Locking Handle** and **Handle Backplate** using two (2) **Long Bolts**. Secure **Backplate** using two (2) **Black Bolts** and **Nuts**.
- 3** Attach **Hinge Plate Decors** to **Door** by the **Hinges** using two (2) **Black Bolts** and **Nuts** for each **Decor**.



NOTE When securing the Decors, be careful not to scratch the paint. Do not use a drill to tighten the Nuts. Instead, use a No. 2 Phillips Screwdriver to hold the Bolt in place and a Nut Driver or Wrench to tighten the Nut.

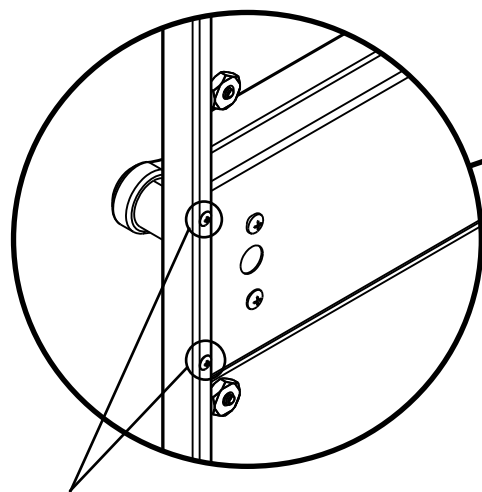
Step 7: Continued

You will need for this page:

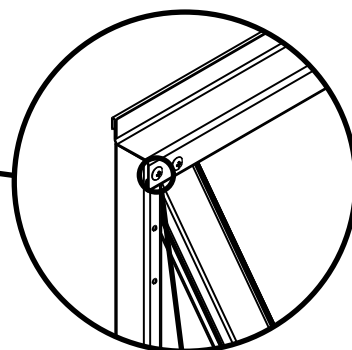
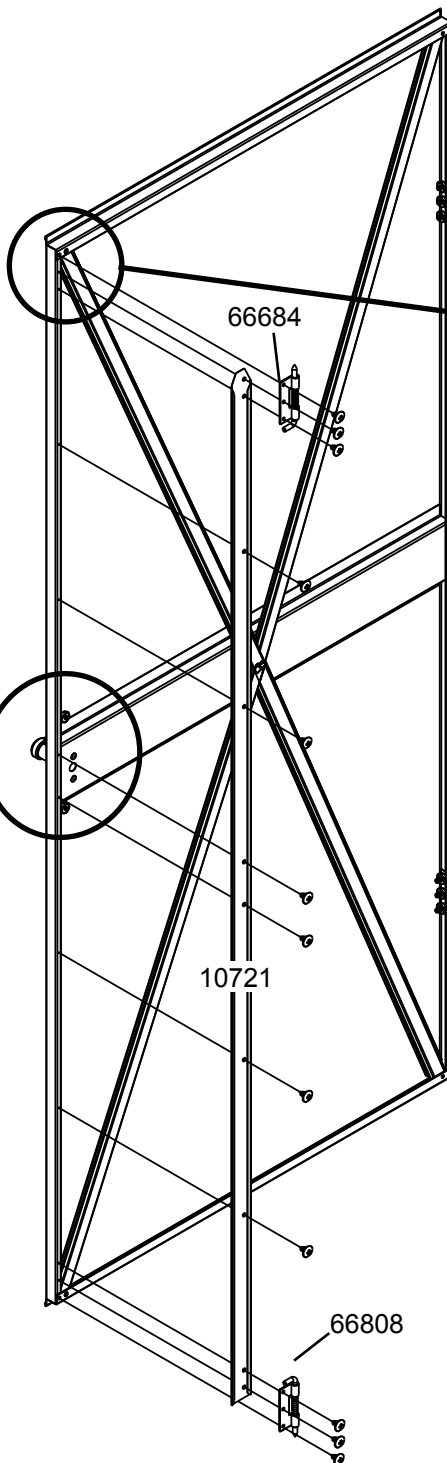


- 4** Remove two (2) **Screws** from left side of **Door Handle Brace** and far left **Screw** from both top and bottom **Horizontal Door Brace**. **Screws** will be reused.

- 5** Attach **Door Stop** and both **Top** and **Bottom Latch Springs** to left side of **Door** using the four (4) previous **Screws** as well as eight (8) additional **Stone Screws**.



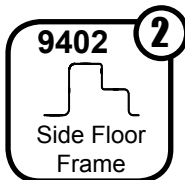
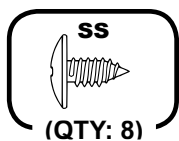
Remove Screws to install Door Stop.



Remove far left Screw from top and bottom Horizontal Door Brace to install Door Stop and Latch Springs.

Step 8: Floor Assembly

You will need for this page:



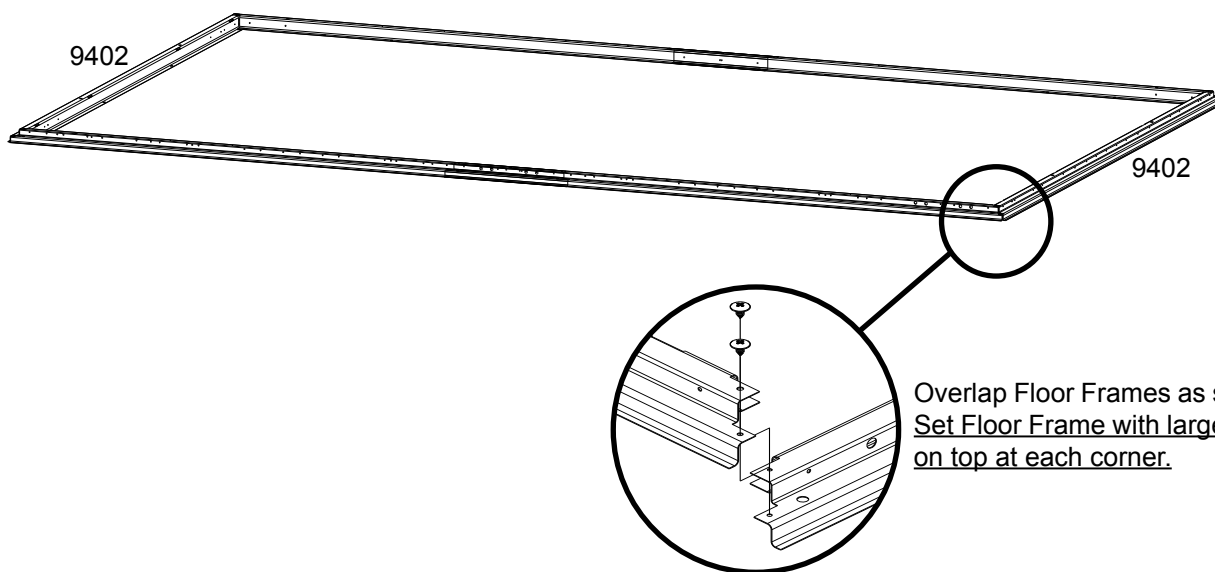
Assemblies from step 1:

- Floor Frame Assemblies (2)

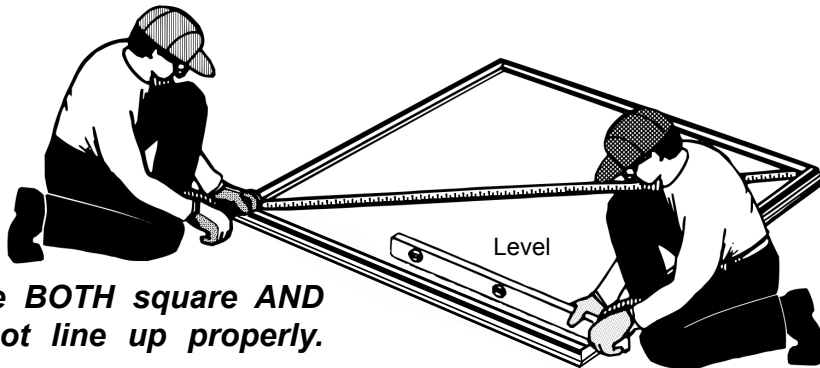
NOTE

The remainder of the building assembly requires many hours and more than one person. Do not continue beyond this point if you do not have enough time to complete the assembly today. A partially assembled building can be severely damaged by light winds.

- 1** Assemble the four (4) corners of the **Floor Frame** using two (2) **Stone Screws** at each corner as shown.



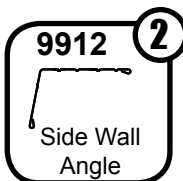
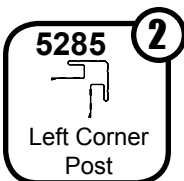
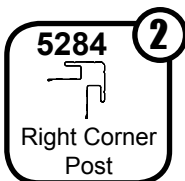
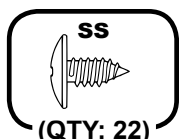
- 2** Measure the **Floor Frame** diagonally. When the diagonal measurements are equal, the **Floor Frame** is square.



The Floor Frame must be BOTH square AND level or the holes will not line up properly.

Step 9: Posts/Frame

You will need for this page:



Assemblies from step 2:

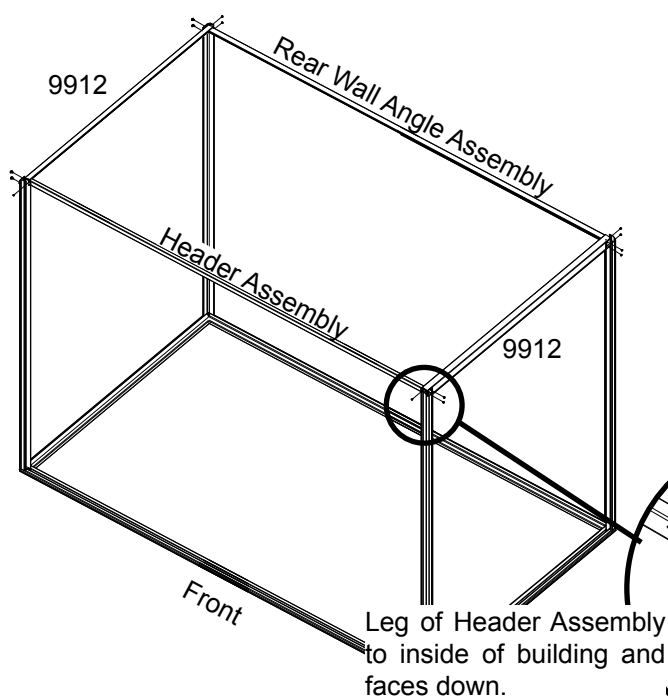
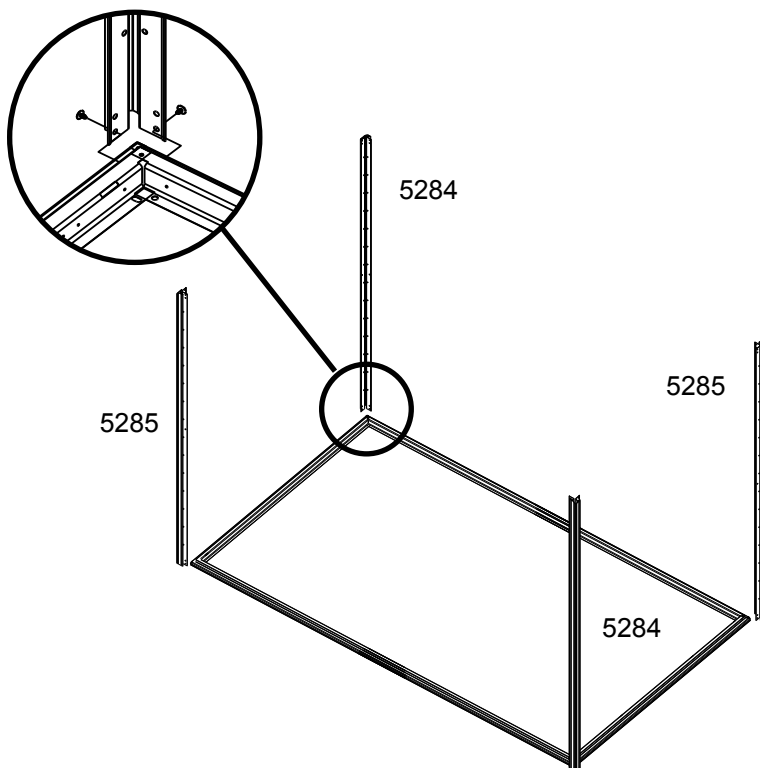
- Header Assembly (1)
- Rear Wall Angle Assembly (1)

- 1** Position **Right** and **Left Corner Posts** at the corner of the **Floor Frame** as shown. The angled end of each **Post** must be placed on top of all four (4) corners. Fasten the **Corner Post** to the **Floor Frame** using two (2) **Stone Screws** in each **Post**.

NOTE The Floor Frame *must be square and level* or holes will not align.

NOTE Support the Corner Posts with stakes or other devices until Door Jambs are attached.

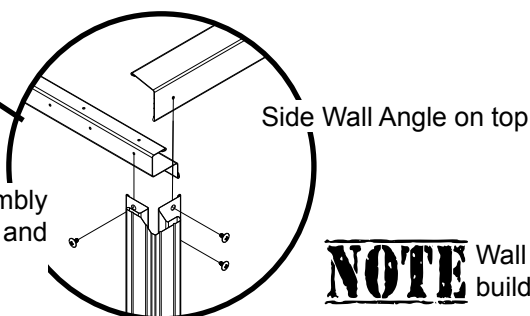
NOTE Long leg of Rear Wall Assembly and Side Wall Angles faces down.



- 2** Fasten **Header Assembly** to top of front **Corner Posts** through top holes using two (2) **Stone Screws**.

- 3** Fasten **Rear Wall Angle Assembly** to top of back **Corner Posts** using two (2) **Stone Screws** in each post.

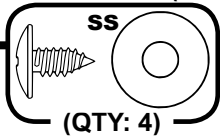
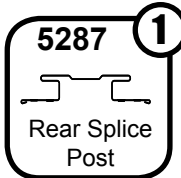
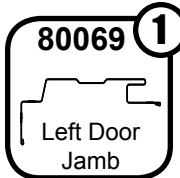
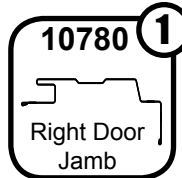
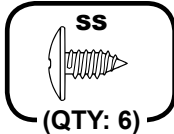
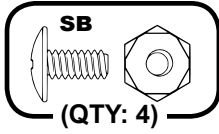
- 4** Fasten **Side Wall Angles** to top of side **Corner Post** using two (2) **Stone Screws** in each **Post**.



NOTE Wall Angles must face inside building.

Step 10: Splice Post/Door Jamb

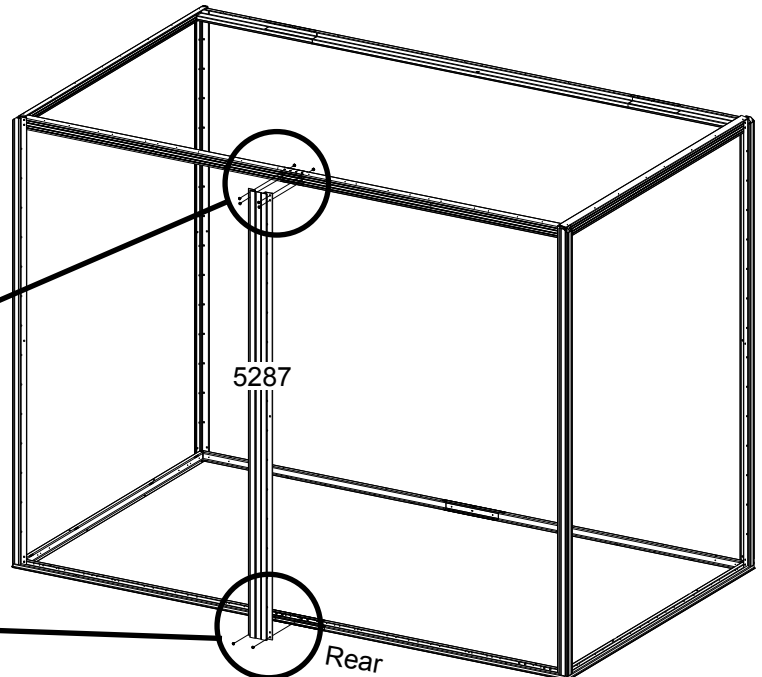
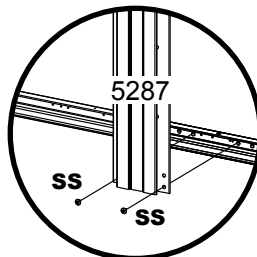
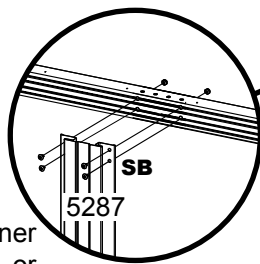
You will need for this page:



- 1** Position **Splice Post** at the center of the rear wall and fasten using two (2) **Stone Screws** into rear **Floor Frame** and four (4) **Stone Bolts** and **Nuts** into **Rear Wall Angle Assembly**.

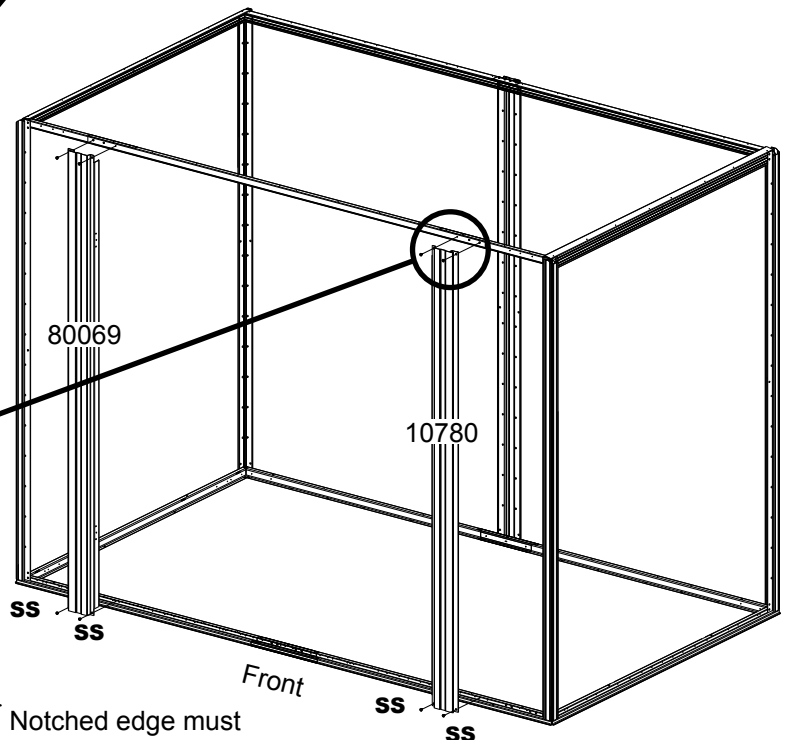
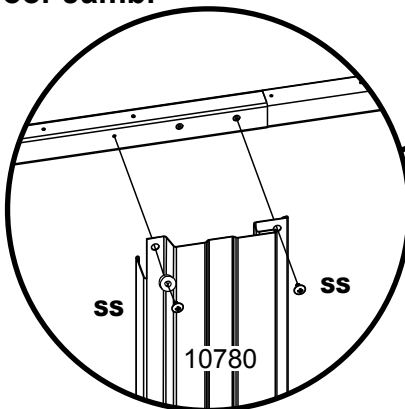
NOTE

Support the Corner Posts with stakes or other devices until Door Jamb are attached.



- 2** Align top hole on notched side of one (1) **Door Jamb** with hole closest to center on the **Header**. Fasten **Door Jamb** to the **Header** and **Frame** using four (4) **Stone Screws** in **Door Jamb**. Repeat for other **Door Jamb**.

Add Washers to Screws on holes closest to center.

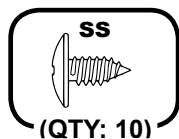


NOTE

Notched edge must face center of building.

Step 11: Studs

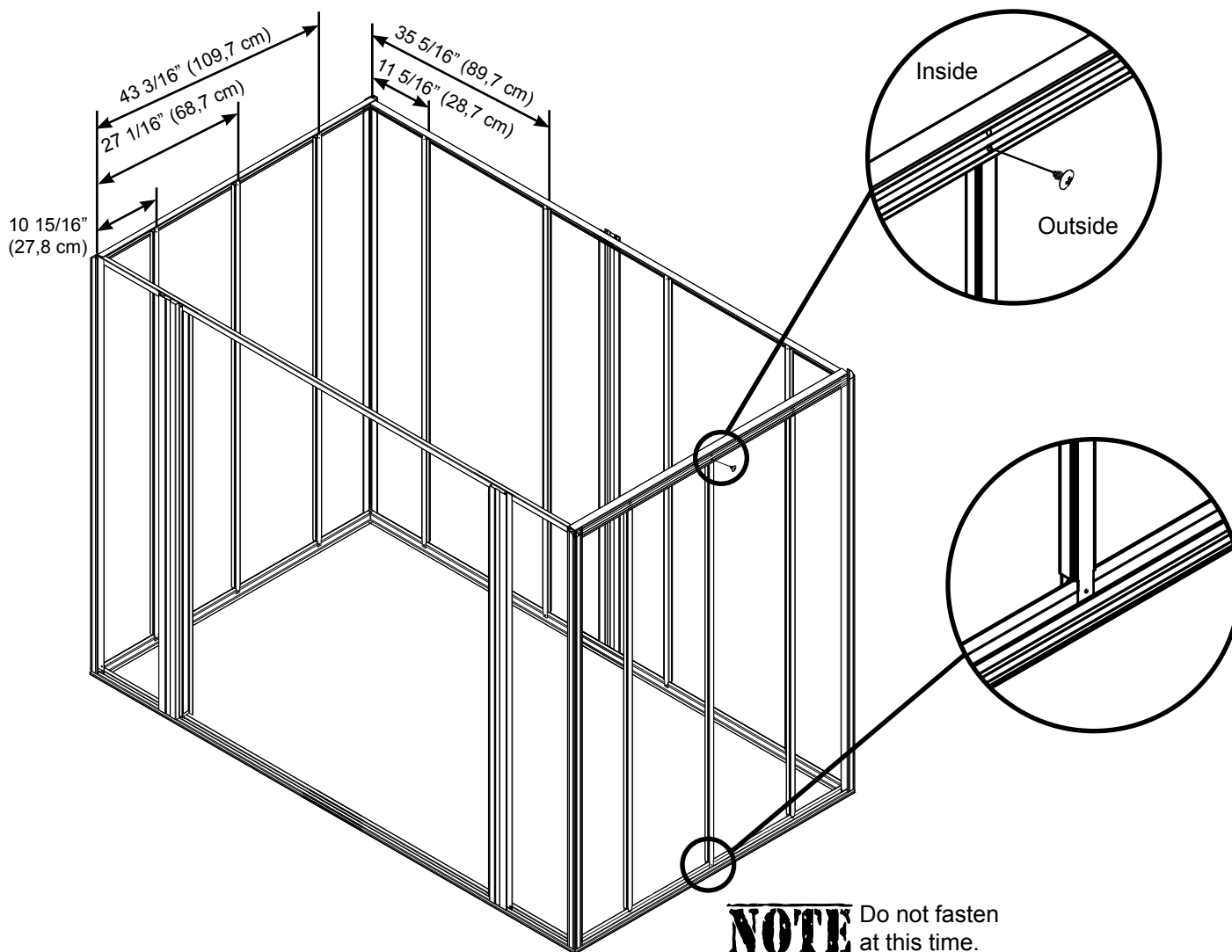
You will need for this page:



Assemblies from step 3:

- Stud Assemblies (10)

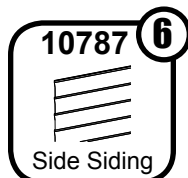
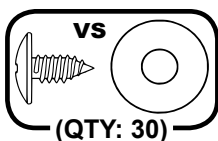
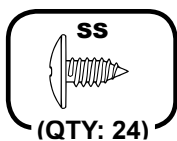
- 1 Following dimensions, measuring from the end of angle, position a **Stud Assembly** inside top angle and fasten with one (1) **Stone Screw** through the lower hole of angle.
- 2 Place bottom of **Stud Assembly** over **Floor Frame** as shown. Do not fasten bottom at this time. Repeat procedure for the remaining **Stud Assemblies** around the building.



NOTE Do not fasten at this time.

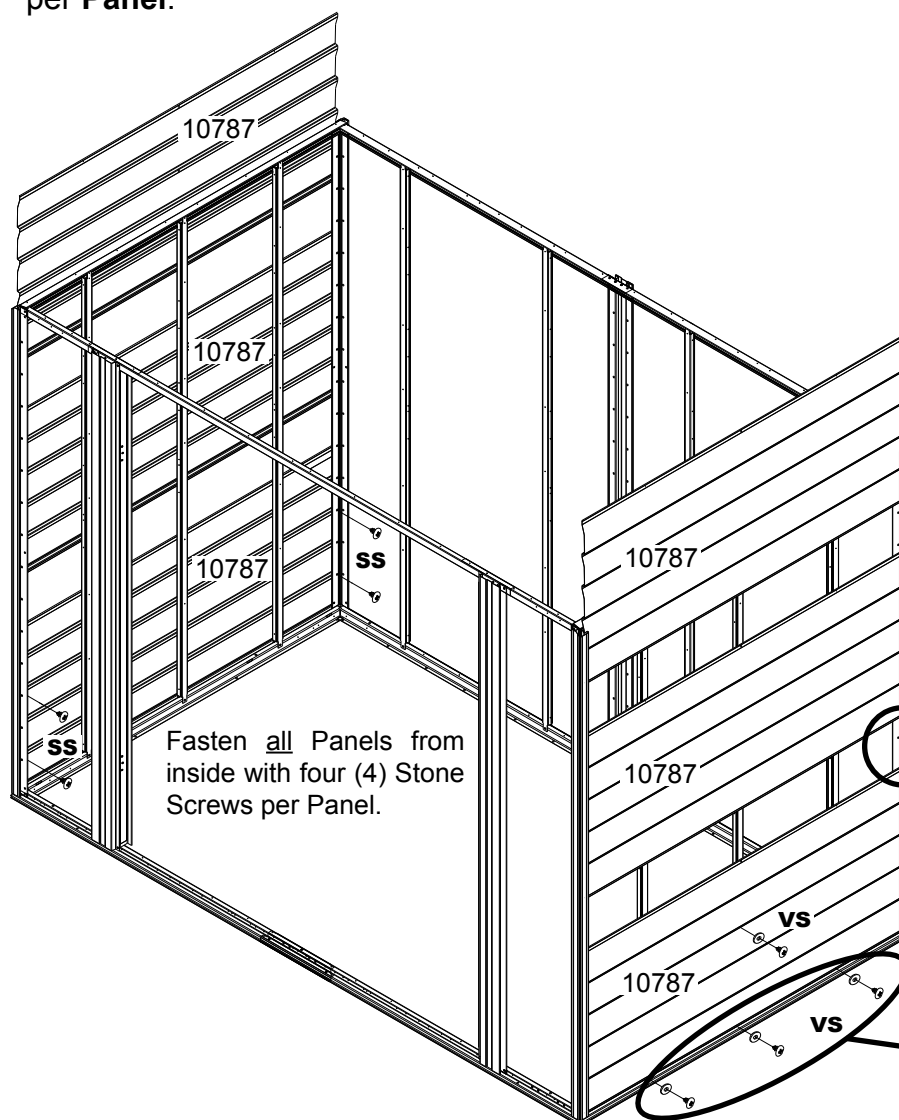
Step 12: Side Siding

You will need for this page:

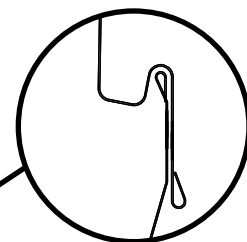


NOTE Washers are to be used on painted parts only. Washers are not necessary on unpainted parts and there are not enough to use on every Screw and Bolt.

- ① Slide bottom **Side Siding** into channels of **Corner Posts** as shown. Once in place, secure with four (4) **Vanilla Screws**. Screws going into bottom **Floor Frame** also secure **Stud Assemblies**.
- ② Slide remaining **Panels** into channel, making sure **Siding Panels** overlap as shown. Once overlapped, fasten **Panels** using four (4) **Vanilla Screws** as before.
- ③ Secure both top **Panels** to **Side Wall Angle** using an additional three (3) **Vanilla Screws** per **Panel**.
- ④ From inside building, fasten all **Side Siding Panels** to **Corner Posts** using four (4) **Stone Screws** per **Panel**.



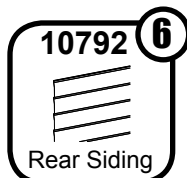
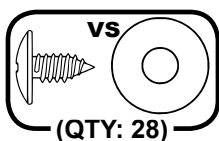
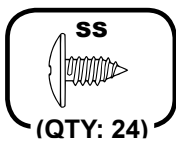
Be certain all Siding Panels are completely overlapped or holes will not line up.



NOTE Screws also secure Stud Assemblies to Floor Frame.

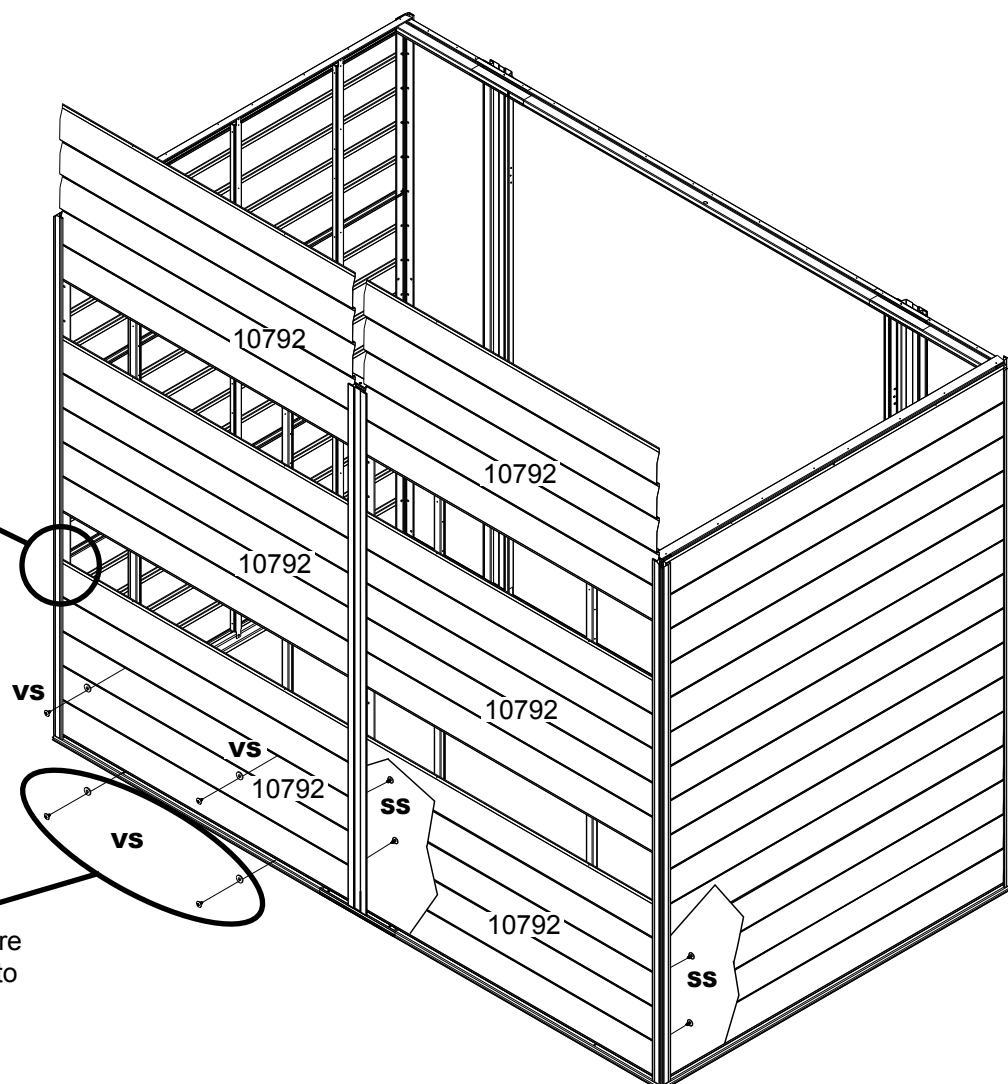
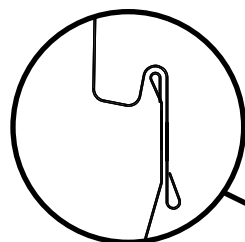
Step 13: Rear Siding

You will need for this page:



- ① Slide bottom **Rear Siding Panels** into channels of **Corner Posts** and **Splice Post** as shown. Once in place, secure with four (4) **Vanilla Screws** per **Panel**. **Screws** going into bottom **Floor Frame** also secure **Stud Assemblies**.
- ② Slide remaining **Panels** into channels, making sure **Siding Panels** overlap as shown. Once overlapped, fasten each **Panel** using four (4) **Vanilla Screws** as before.
- ③ Secure the tops of **Panels** to **Rear Wall Angle** using an additional two (2) **Vanilla Screw** per **Panel**.
- ④ From inside building, fasten all **Rear Siding Panels** to **Corner Posts** and **Splice Post** using four (4) **Stone Screws** per **Panel**.

Be certain all Siding Panels are completely overlapped or holes will not line up.

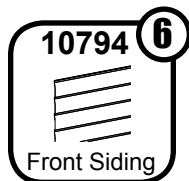
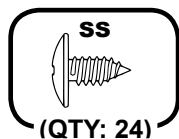


NOTE

Screws also secure Stud Assemblies to Floor Frame.

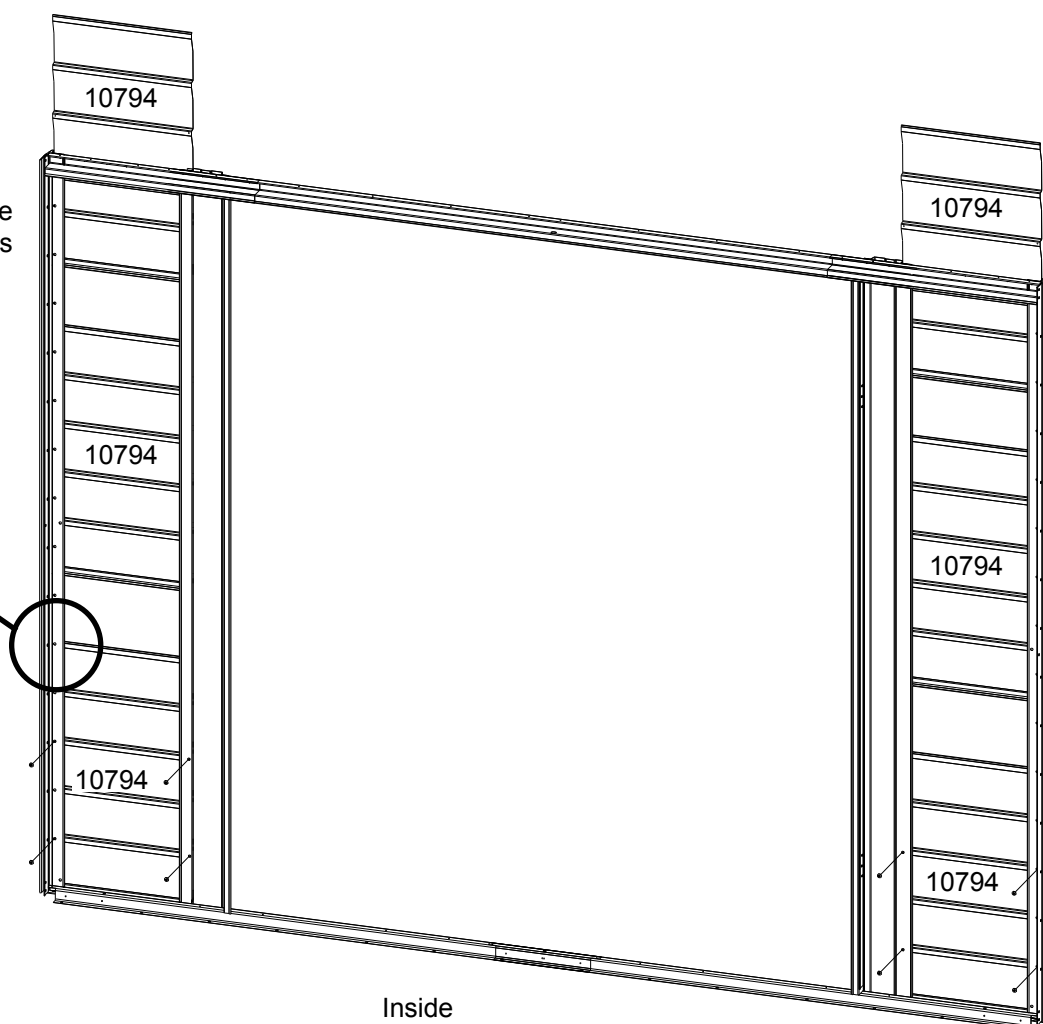
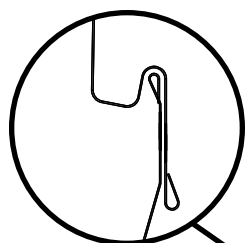
Step 14: Front Siding

You will need for this page:



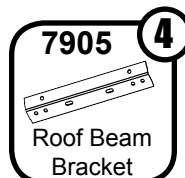
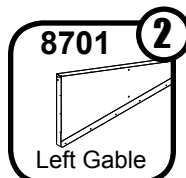
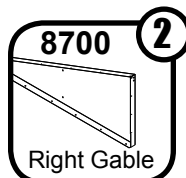
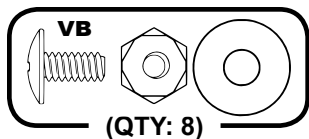
- ① Slide **Front Siding** into channels of **Corner Posts** and **Door Jambs** as shown. Once in place, secure **Panels** from inside the building to the **Corner Posts** and **Door Jambs** using four (4) **Stone Screws** per Panel.

Be certain all Siding Panels are completely overlapped or holes will not line up.



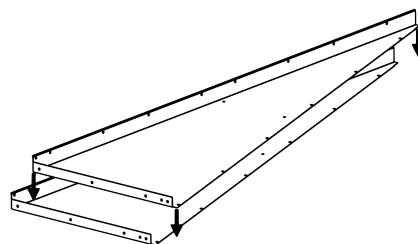
Step 15: Gables

You will need for this page:

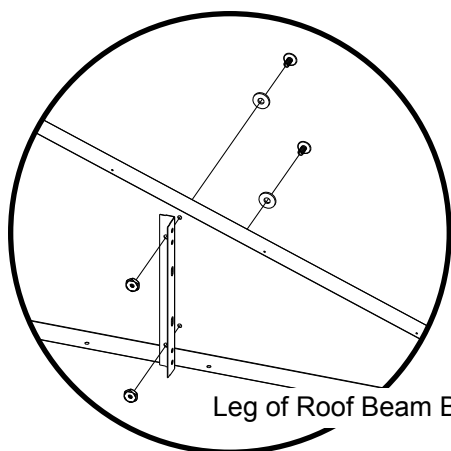
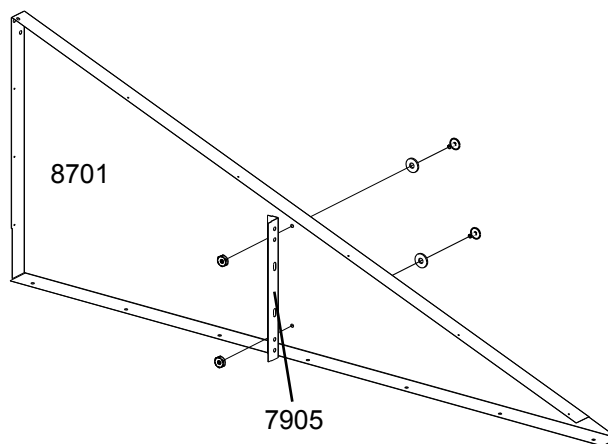
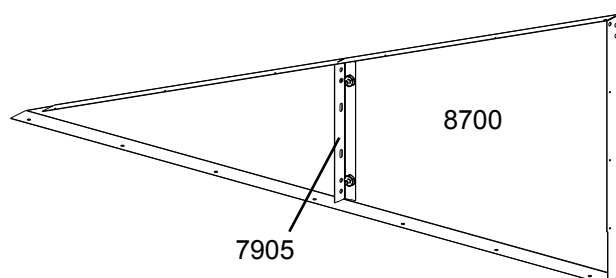


STOP

GABLES ARE STACKED TOGETHER DURING SHIPPING AND MAY BE MISTAKEN FOR ONE GABLE! SEPARATE GABLES BEFORE CONTINUING.



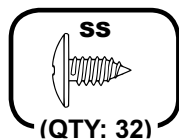
- 1 Attach a **Roof Beam Bracket** to all four (4) **Gables** using two (2) **Vanilla Bolts** and **Nuts** for each.



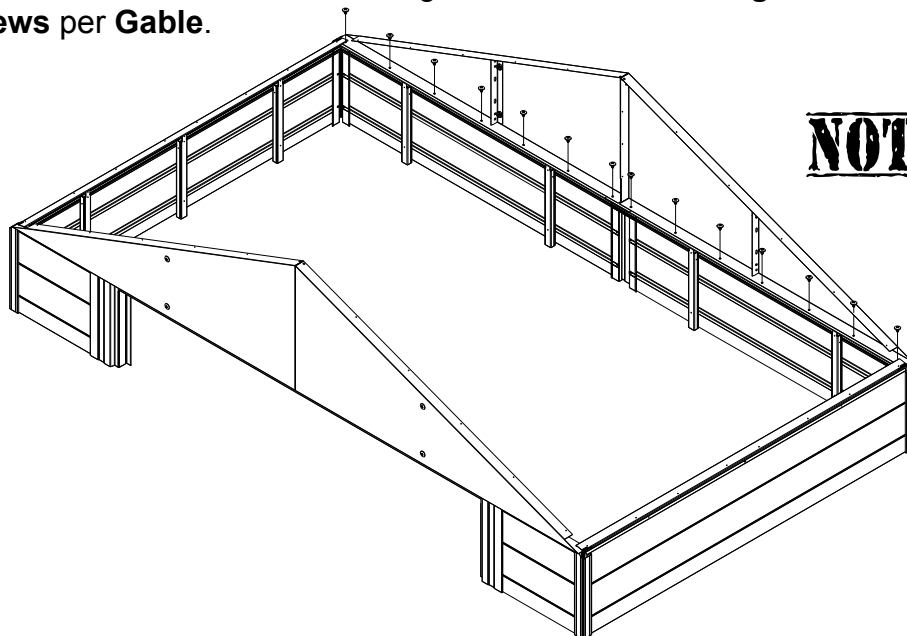
Leg of Roof Beam Bracket must face center of Gable as shown.

Step 15: Continued

You will need for this page:

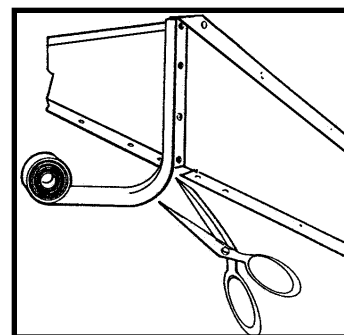
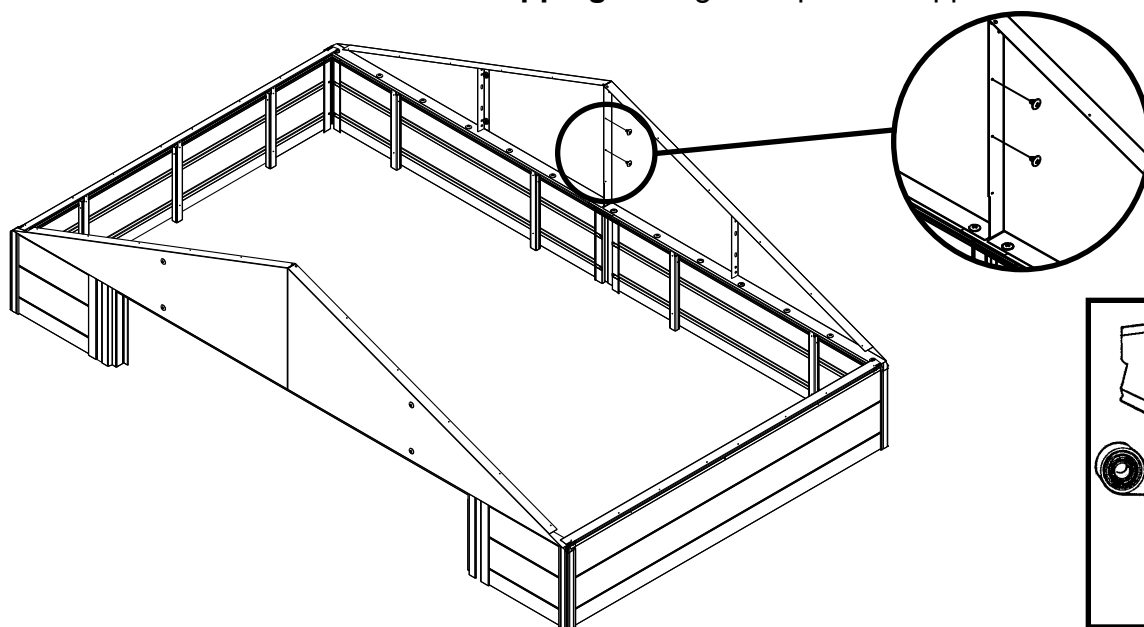


- 1** Working one (1) **Gable** at a time, lift **Left** and **Right Gables** into place on top of **Rear Wall Angle** and **Front Header**. **Gables** must go under **Side Wall Angles**. Secure using seven (7) **Stone Screws** per **Gable**.



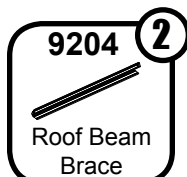
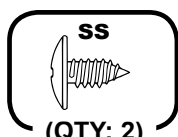
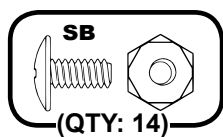
NOTE Gables must go under Side Wall Angles.

- 2** Join **Left** and **Right Gables** together using two (2) **Stone Screws** in the second and third holes from the bottom. Apply **Weather Stripping** along the mating edge of the **Left** and **Right Gable** as shown. Cut the **Weather Stripping** to length. Repeat for opposite side.



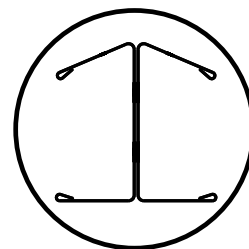
Step 16: Roof Beams/Braces

You will need for this page:



Assemblies from step 4:

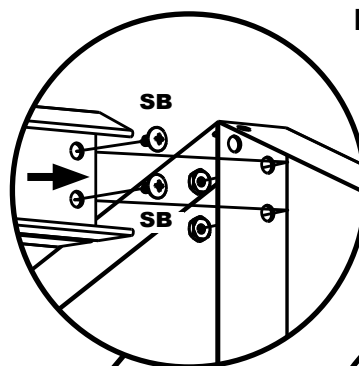
- Roof Beam Assemblies (3)



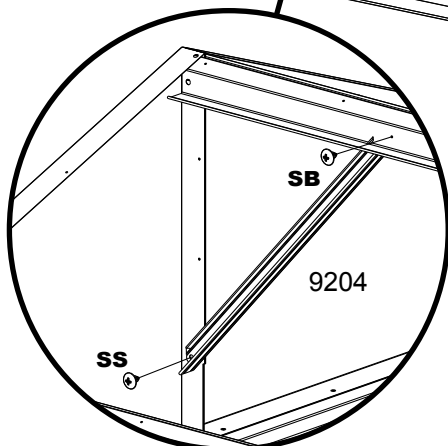
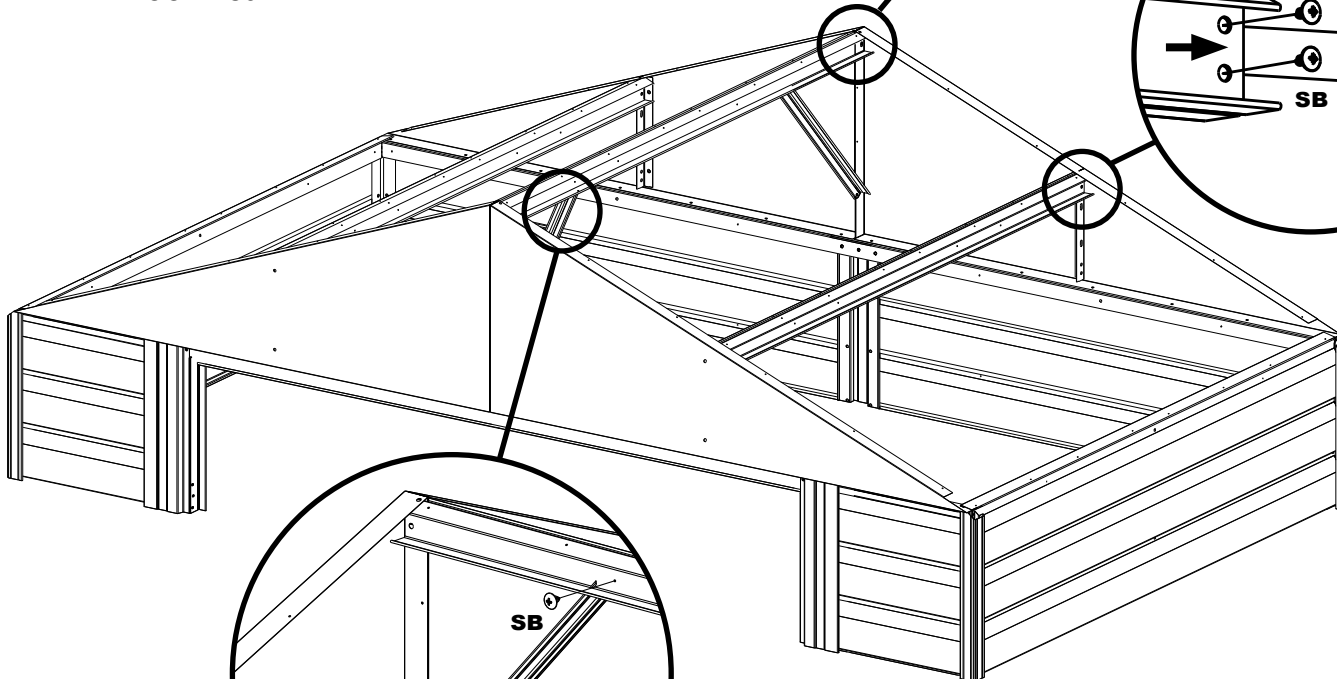
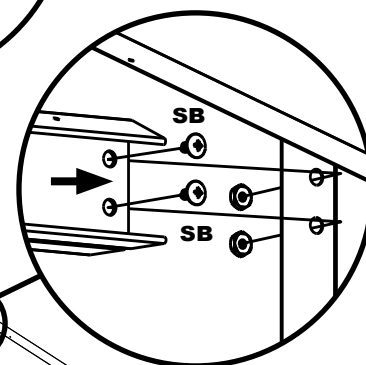
Side of Beams with small holes must face up.

- 1 Secure the **Roof Beam Assemblies** to the **Gables** as shown using two (2) **Stone Bolts** and **Nuts** on each end of each **Roof Beam Assembly**.

- 2 Attach a **Roof Beam Brace** to the **Main (Middle) Roof Beam** and the **Gables** as shown using one (1) **Stone Screw** and one (1) **Stone Bolt** and **Nut**. Repeat for other side of the **Main Roof Beam**.



Spread two (2) halves of Roof Beams



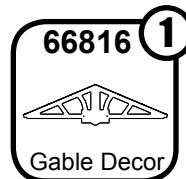
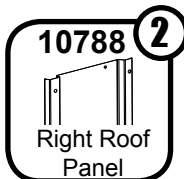
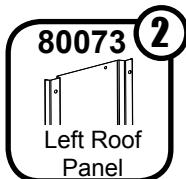
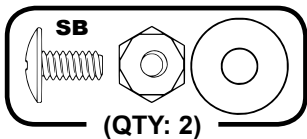
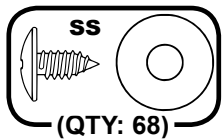
NOTE

Locate bottom hole through tape. Attach bottom of Roof Beam Brace to Gables through hole.

IMPORTANT: At this time, take a moment to ensure the building is level and square. Measure the building diagonally again to make sure the building is square. The building should be square at the base and at the top. This will make Roof Panels fit better and holes will better align.

Step 17: Roof Assembly

You will need for this page:

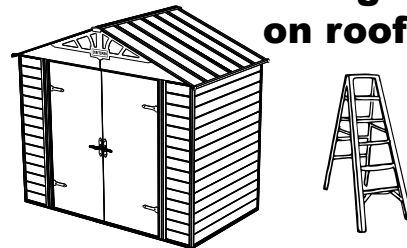


- ① Place **Gable Decor** into place as shown.
- ② Attach **Front Left** and **Right Roof Panels**, one at a time, to **Roof Beams** and **Gables** using seventeen (17) **Stone Screws** per panel. Six (6) of these **Screws** will also secure the **Gable Decor**.
- ③ Attach **Back Left** and **Right Roof Panels**, one at a time, to **Roof Beams** and **Gables** using seventeen (17) **Stone Screws** per Panel.
- ④ Insert **Stone Bolt** and **Nut** in middle hole where ribs overlap.
- ⑤ Use **Weather Stripping Tape** to seal roof ridge.

NOTE

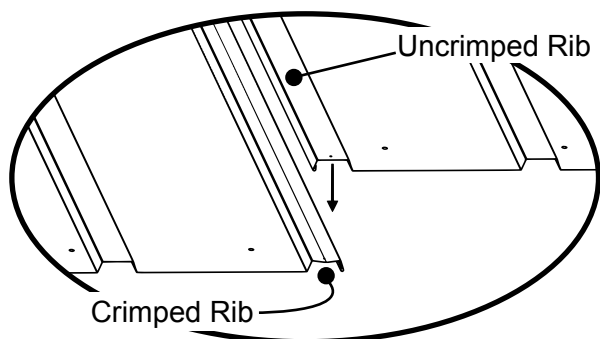
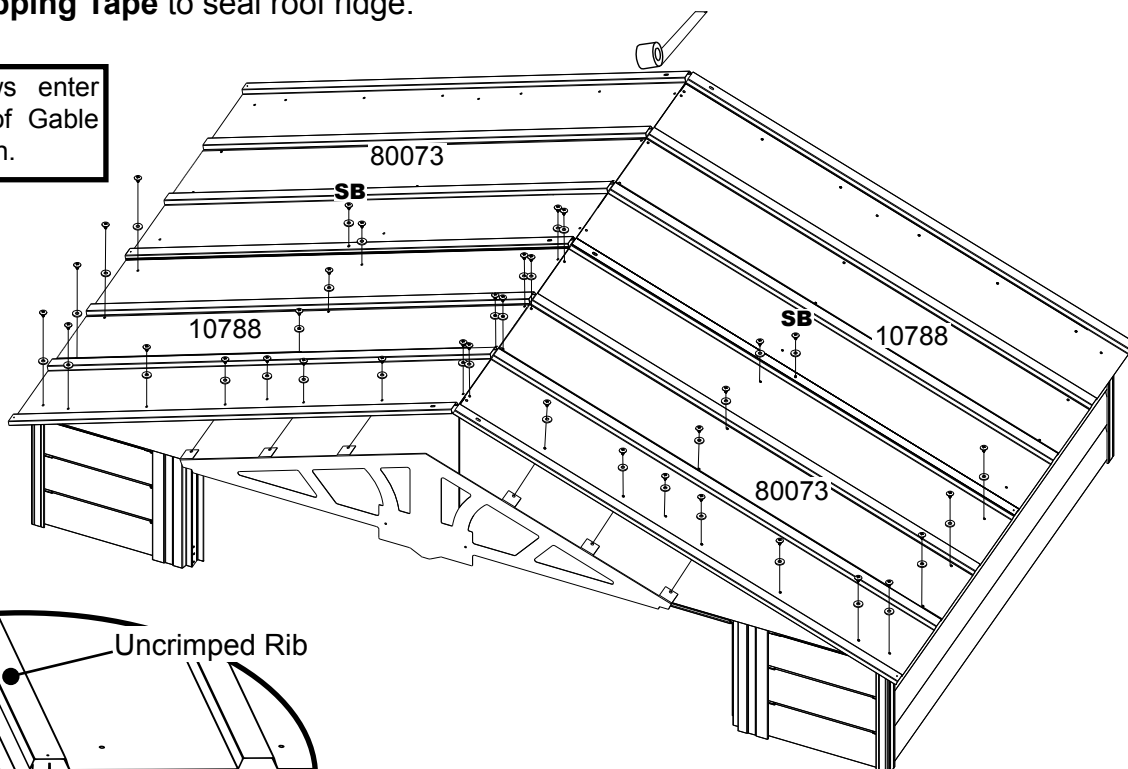
Six (6) Screws enter through tabs of Gable Decor as shown.

Don't focus weight on roof!

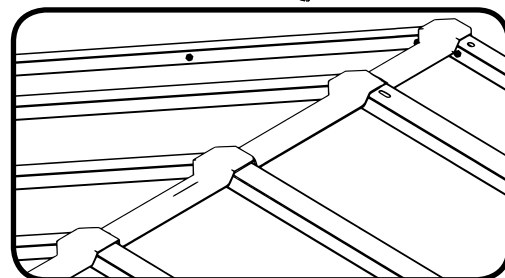


NOTE

Work one corner at a time. Be sure to finish a corner before moving on to the next one.

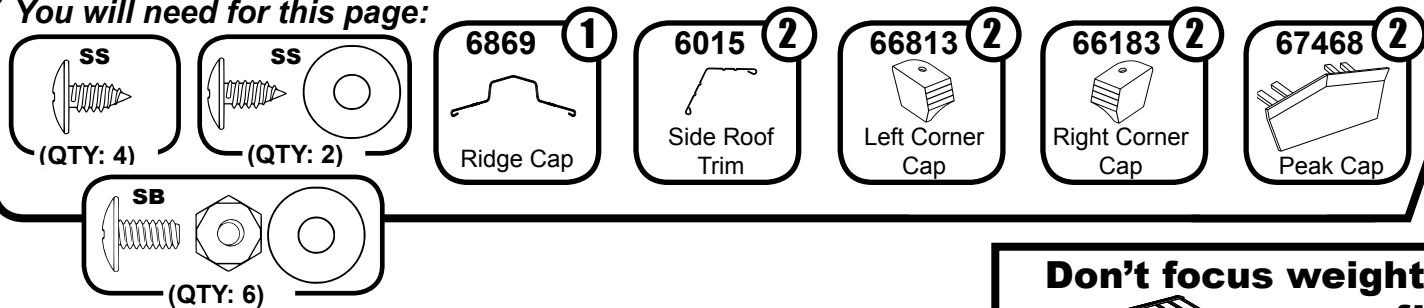


Whenever a crimped rib and an uncrimped rib meet, place the crimped rib **UNDER** the uncrimped rib.

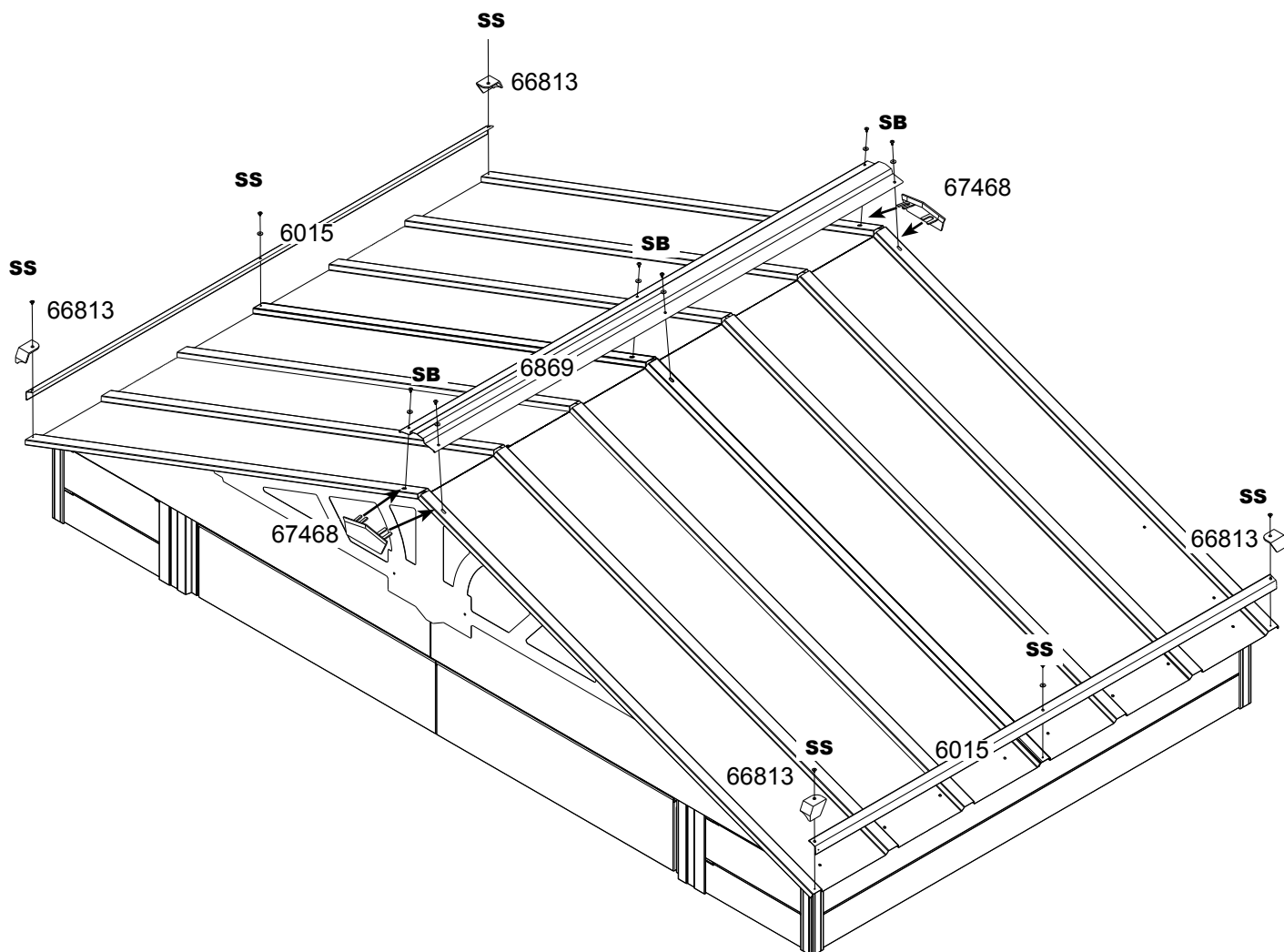
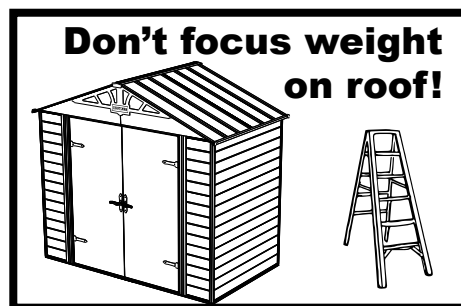


Step 18: Ridge Cap/Roof Trim

You will need for this page:

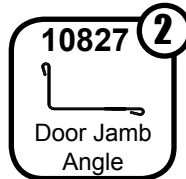
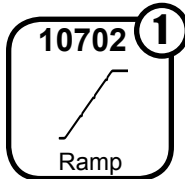
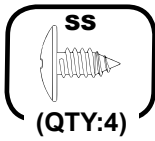
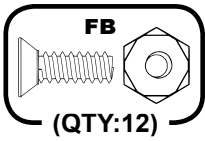


- 1** Fully tighten **Bolts** and **Nuts** on **Roof Beams**.
- 2** Install **Peak Caps** and **Ridge Cap** using six (6) **Stone Bolts** and **Nuts** as shown.
- 3** Install **Side Roof Trim** and **Right** and **Left Corner Caps** using six (6) **Stone Screws** as shown.



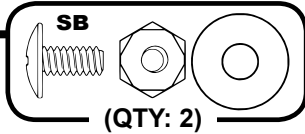
Step 19: Door Installment

You will need for this page:



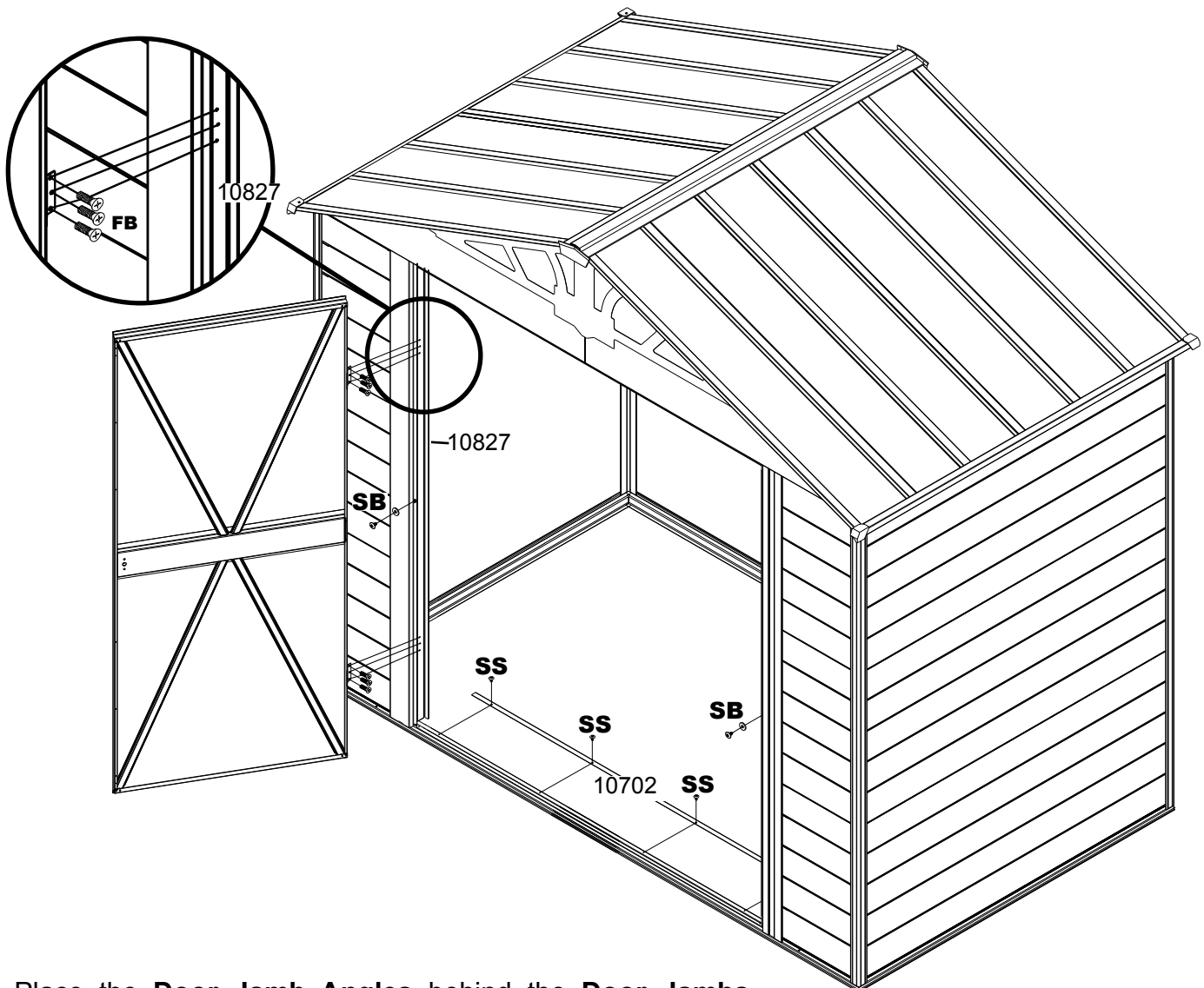
Assemblies from step 5:

- Right Door Assembly (1)
- Left Door Assembly (1)



NEED AT LEAST TWO PEOPLE TO PERFORM THIS STEP!

- 1** Put one (1) **Stone Bolt** through empty hole in middle of each **Door Jamb**.

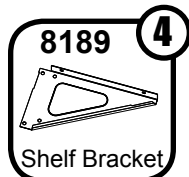
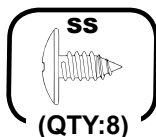


- 2** Place the **Door Jamb Angles** behind the **Door Jamb**. Using three (3) **Flat Head Bolts** and **Nuts** per **Door Hinge**, secure **Doors** and **Door Jamb Angles** to **Door Jamb**.

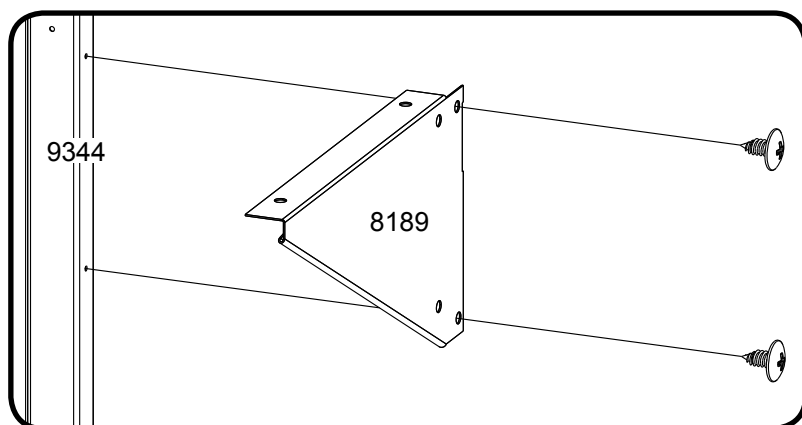
- 3** Fasten **Ramp** to **Floor Frame** using four (4) **Stone Screws**.

Step 20: Shelf Brackets

You will need for this page:



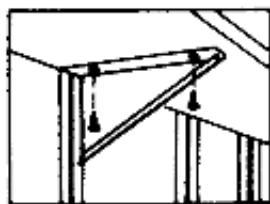
- ① Choose which sides and **Studs** to mount the **Shelf Brackets** on. **Shelf Brackets** can be installed on side and / or rear walls. If installing on rear wall, **Shelf Brackets** must be placed on adjacent **Studs**.
- ② Attach a **Shelf Bracket** to a **Stud** using two (2) **Stone Screws** as shown below. Repeat this for the other **Shelf Brackets**.



NOTE

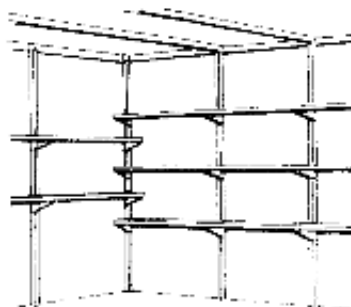
Shelf Brackets can be installed on either side wall or either back wall section.

FASTEN SHELF TO BRACKET



Makes 8" to 12" (20,3-30,5 cm)
wide shelves in any length.

VARIOUS LOCATIONS OF SHELVING SYSTEMS



**Keep this Owner's Manual and Assembly
Instructions for future reference.**

ANCHORING OPTIONS...

IMPORTANT:

- *Anchor your building at this time. See below for details on anchoring.*
- *If you have purchased a Floor Frame Kit, you should install it at this time.*
- *Please take a moment to ensure that the building is installed in accordance with these instructions and with all applicable regulations.*

Anchoring Down The Building

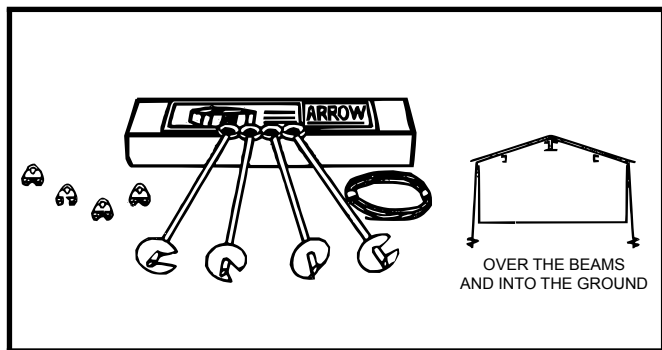
The entire floor frame **MUST** be securely anchored once the building is erected.

Below are recommended ways of anchoring.

Arrow Anchoring Kit: (Model No. AK4 or 60298)

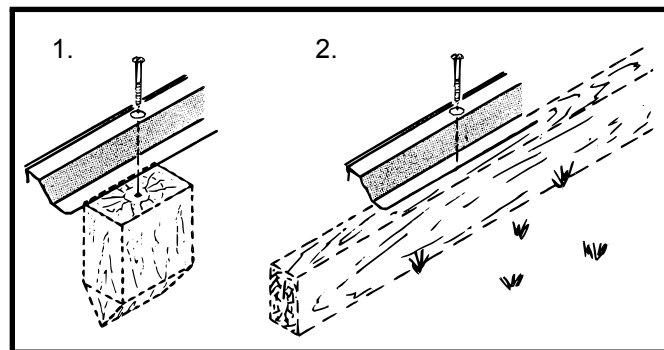
Recommended for use with **any** suggested **base**.

Contains: 4 Anchors with Cable, Clamps and installation instructions.



Anchoring into Wood/Post:

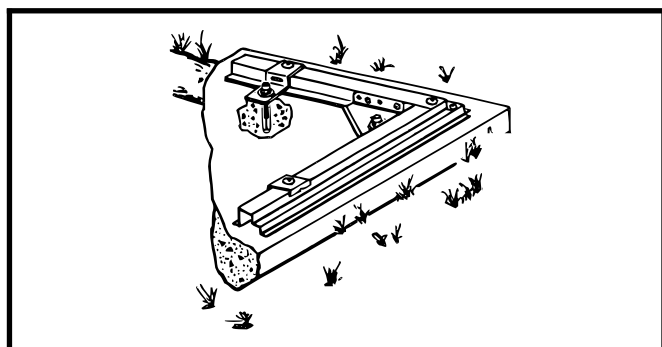
Use 1/4" (6 mm) Wood Screws. There are 1/4" (6 mm) dia. holes provided in the frames for proper anchoring.



Arrow Anchoring Kit: (Model No. AK100 or 68383)

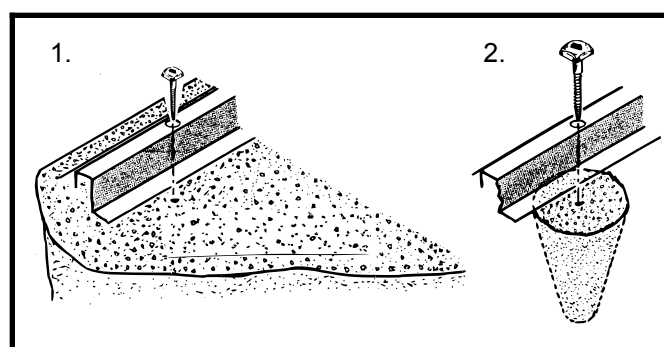
Recommended for use with the **concrete** base.

Contains: Corner gussets, perimeter clips, hardware, 1/4" masonry drill bit and installation instructions.



Anchoring into Concrete:

1. For poured concrete slab or footing or patio blocks: Use 1/4" x 2" (6 mm x 51 mm) Lag Screws.
2. For Anchor Post of Concrete poured after building is erected: Use 1/4" x 6" (6 mm x 152 mm) Lag Screws.



An Anchor Kit may be purchased online at www.arrowsheds.com

You can also purchase one over the phone by calling 1-800-851-1085.

See accessories page for details.

CARE & MAINTENANCE...

Exterior Care:

For a long lasting finish, clean and wax the exterior surface. We recommend washing with a mild soap solution. DO NOT use power washing to clean your shed. Using a spray automotive type wax periodically on the exterior is highly recommended if you are in a high humidity or coastal climate region.

Combustibles and corrosives must be stored in air tight containers designed for chemical and/or combustible storage. Corrosive chemicals such as fertilizers, pesticides and herbicides should be cleaned off the interior and exterior surfaces immediately. Rust caused by chemical damage is not covered by the warranty.

DO NOT STORE POOL CHEMICALS IN YOUR SHED - THIS VOIDS YOUR WARRANTY

Rust protection precautions may help to stop rust from developing, or stop it quickly as soon as it appears.

- Avoid nicking or scraping the coating surface, inside and out.
- Keep roof, base perimeter and door tracks free of debris and leaves which may accumulate and retain moisture. These can do double damage since they give off acid as they decay.
- Touch up scrapes or nicks and any area of visible rust as soon as possible. Make sure the surface is free of moisture, oils, dirt or grime and then apply an even film of high quality touch-up paint.
- Various paint manufacturers provide products for rust treatment and coverage. If surface rust does appear on your shed we recommend treating those areas as soon as possible, following the paint supplier of your choice instructions.
- Our customer service department can provide the paint tinting formula for matching the color of your shed. We also have touch-up paint available for repairing small nicks and scratches.

Roof:

Keep the roof clear of leaves and snow. Heavy amounts of snow on the roof can damage the building making it unsafe to enter.

Doors:

Keep doors closed and locked to prevent wind damage.

Fasteners:

Use all washers supplied to protect against weather infiltration and to protect the metal from being scratched by the screws. Regularly check screws, bolts, nuts, etc., and retighten as necessary.

General:

- A plastic sheet (vapor barrier) placed under the entire floor area may reduce condensation.
- Wash off inked part numbers on coated panels with soap and water.
- Silicone caulking may be used for watertight seals throughout the building.

Please note, Manufacturer cannot be held responsible for any consequences due to buildings that are not installed per these instructions, or for damage due to weather conditions or acts of God.

Keep these assembly instructions and owner's manual for future reference.

Warranty...

CRAFTSMAN 20 YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY

FOR TWENTY YEARS from the date of purchase, this product is warranted against defects in material and workmanship when product is installed, operated and maintained according to all supplied instructions. With proof of purchase, a defective part will be replaced free of charge.

For warranty coverage details to obtain free part replacement, call the following toll-free number: 1-800-851-1085

All warranty coverage excludes part paint loss, discoloration, corrosion or surface rusting, which are conditions that can be the result of normal use, accident or improper maintenance.

This warranty does not apply to a product that is damaged or altered through misuse, abuse, accident, neglect, modification or mishandling.

Disclaimer of implied warranties; limitation of remedies

Customer's sole and exclusive remedy under this limited warranty shall be part replacement as provided herein. Implied warranties, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, are limited to twenty years or the shortest period allowed by law. Sears shall not be liable for incidental or consequential damages. Some states and provinces do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, or limitation on the duration of implied warranties of merchantability or fitness, so these exclusions or limitations may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

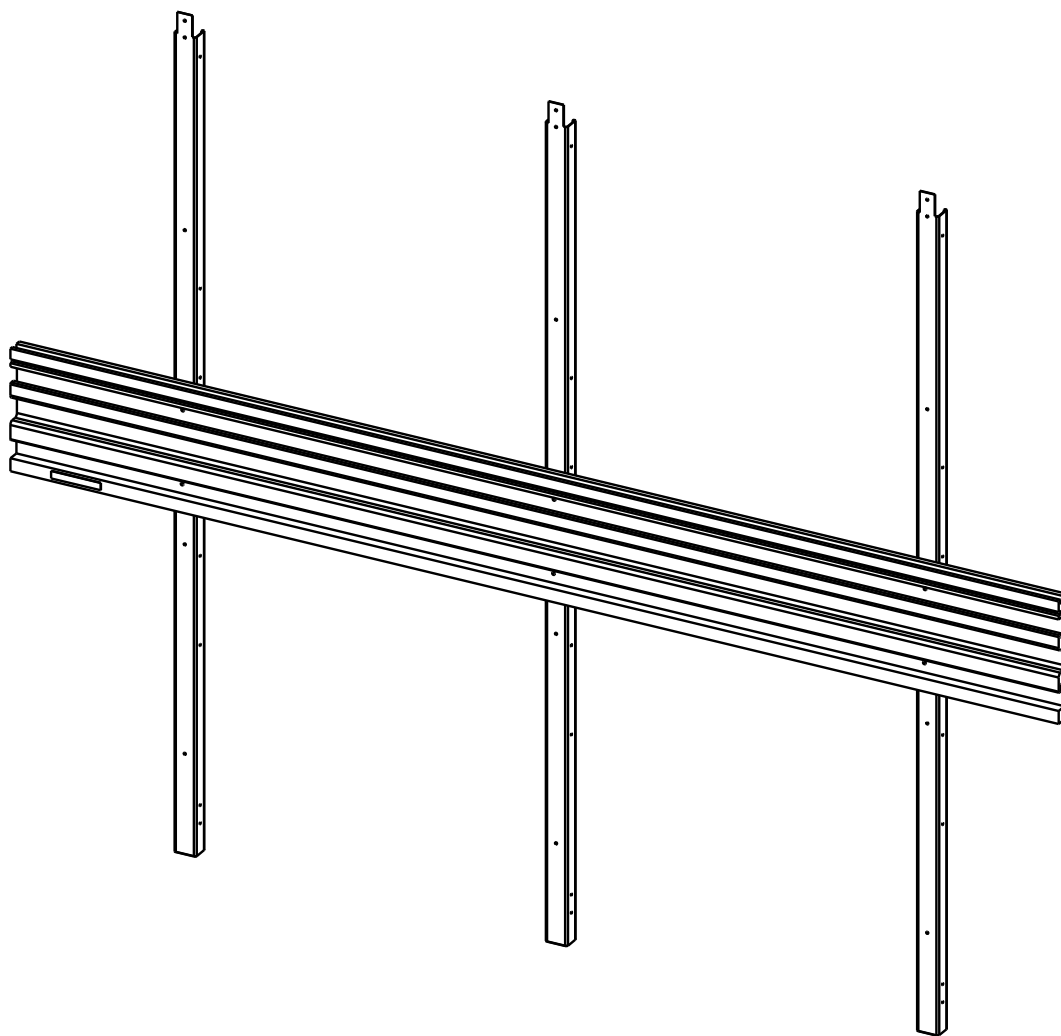
Sears Brands Management Corporation, Hoffman Estates, IL 60179

Assembly Guide

CRAFTSMAN®

Accessorize Your Shed...

VersaTrack™ Trackwall Wall Organization System

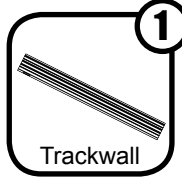
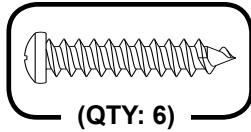


SOLD SEPARATELY AT SEARS

Trackwall Assembly

You will need for this assembly:

- #10 x 1" (2,5 cm) length or 5 mm Screws (6 per trackwall)



Tools Required:

- Pencil
- Level
- Drill
- 1/8" (3 mm) Drill Bit
- Screwdriver
- Countersink
- Tape Measure

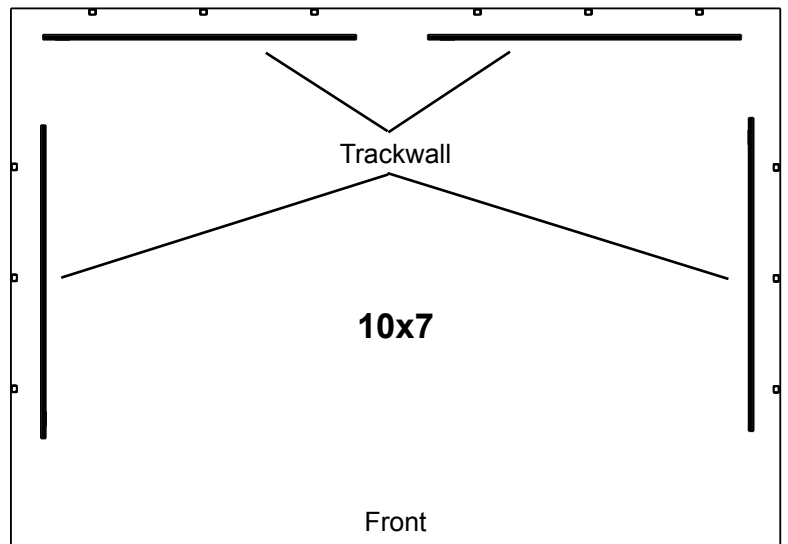
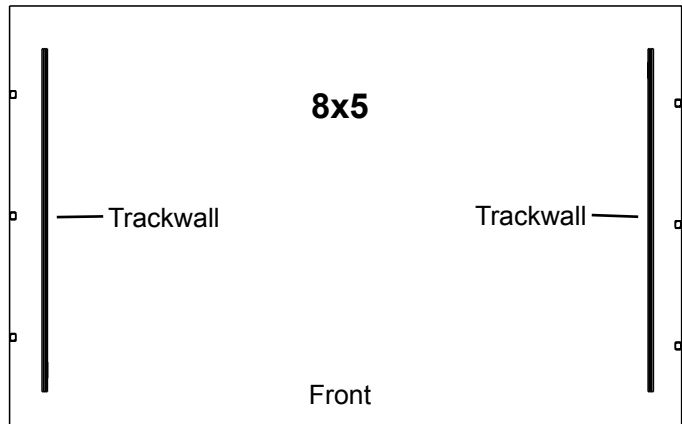


SAFETY WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS

- Read and follow all Safety Warnings and installation instructions before use of this product.
- Failure to follow Warnings and Instructions, which includes exceeding the stated load ratings on the Trackwall, may cause product to fail, resulting in personal injury or property damage.
- Follow mounting instructions appropriate for this type of wall surface. Failure to do so will reduce the Trackwall's capacity.
- Be sure to use appropriate safety equipment when using power and hand tools.
- Install Trackwall using appropriate hardware, and in accordance with local building codes.
- Trackwall must be mounted level.
- DO NOT mount Trackwall on ceiling.

NOTE

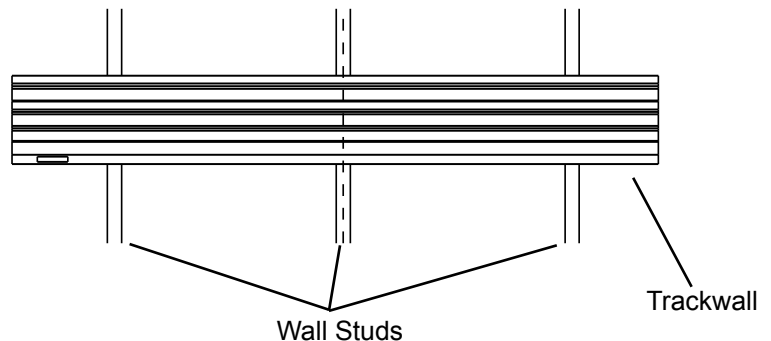
See diagrams to right for reference as to where Trackwall can be placed in each building.



1 Locate and mark the center of the **Trackwall**.

2 Position the **Trackwall** with the center mark by aligning with the center of the **Wall Stud**.

3 Use a level to position the **Trackwall** at the desired height.

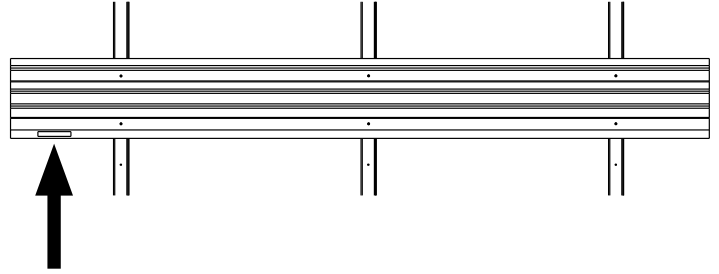


NOTE

Trackwall must be attached to three (3) wall studs.

Trackwall Assembly

- 4** Mark and drill six (6) 1/8" (3 mm) pilot holes through the **Trackwall**. Then mark and drill six (6) 1/8" (3 mm) holes into the **Wall Studs**.



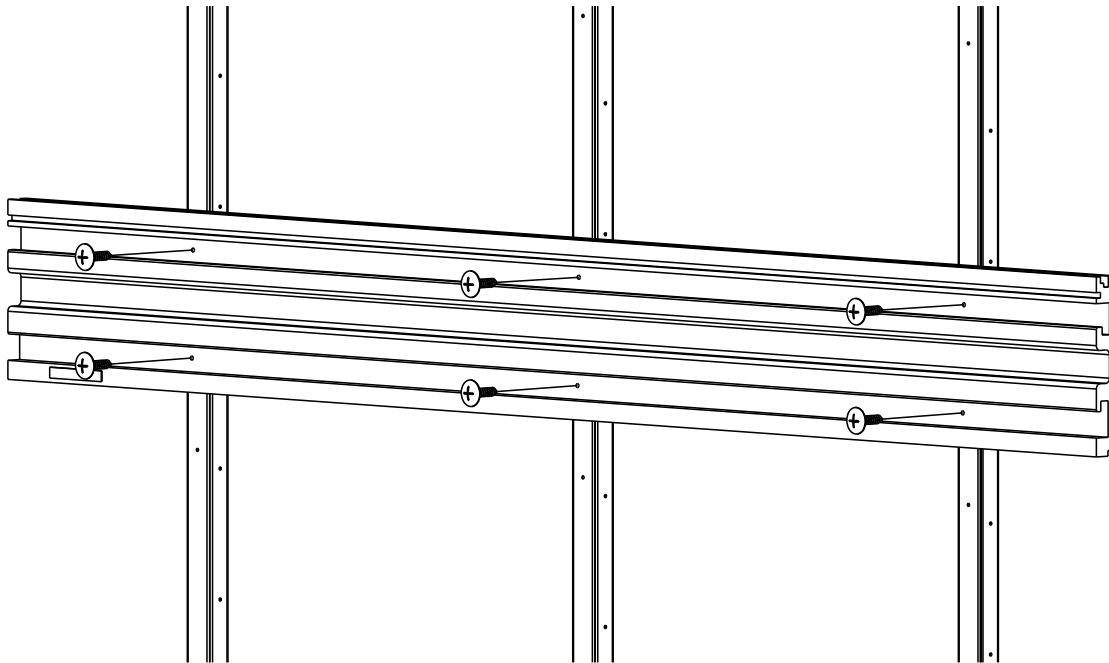
NOTE

Trackwall sections should be placed with Craftsman® logo in the lower left-hand corner with the interlocking tongue facing up.

- 5** Align pilot holes of **Trackwall** with holes of **Wall Studs**. Mount **Trackwall** to **Wall Studs** using six (6) **Screws**. **Screws** must be flush to surface. See figure below.

NOTE

Driving screws further into the Trackwall may reduce the capacity of the track.



NOTE

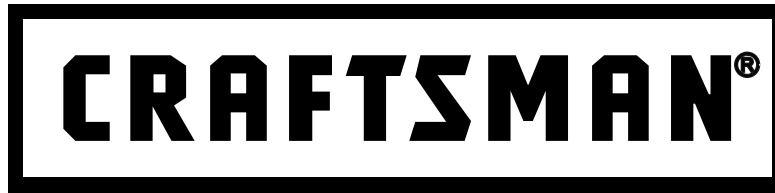
Hang accessories following manufacturer's instructions.

- Load Restrictions: 75 lbs (34 kg) per piece, 150 lbs (68 kg) per shed side.
- Do not hang accessories to outside of outer screws.

ASSEMBLY NOTES

ASSEMBLY NOTES

ASSEMBLY NOTES



Product questions or problems?

1-800-851-1085

Customer Service

Get answers to questions, troubleshoot problems, or order parts.